

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

"Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN.

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POLITICAL NOTES.

—Edward S. Golden, Esq., is favorably named for President Judge in Armstrong county.

—Judge Graham, of Carlisle, is mentioned as a proper selection as Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

—J. Penn Dull, of McVeytown, has been elected Representative delegate to the Democratic State Convention from Millin county.

—The delegates from Warren county to the Democratic State Convention are unanimous, but will vote for Hon. John Trunkley for Supreme Judge.

—Lewis Z. Mitchell and James Bredin, Esqs., are announced as Democratic candidates for Law Judge in the Butler and Lawrence Judicial district.

—Quite a number of Eastern papers are in sore travail as to what shall be done with Senator Schurz, after the expiration of his present term of service. We guess they had better let the people of Missouri settle the matter.

—Everywhere it is bound to come, sooner or later. A bill has just been introduced in the Connecticut Legislature, providing for the political enfranchisement of all women who pay taxes, and the prospects of its passage are said to be excellent.

—The finances of South Carolina, which have been gradually growing worse since the war, have at last culminated in almost absolute repudiation. The reputation of that State, in the money market, and with her creditors, home and foreign, is of a most unenviable character.

—Some of the members of Congress are beginning to urge an immediate adjournment, on the ground that the Capital is a "hot box" in summer. It is not half so hot a box as that in which a number will be likely to find themselves upon returning to their constituents.

—And now comes the town of Frederick, Maryland, demanding from Congress the modest sum of two hundred thousand dollars, by way of reimbursement for the same sum levied upon it by the confederates in one of their incursions during the rebellion. The application should be graciously dismissed.

—Gen. John Patton has written a letter to T. H. Murray, Esq., Chairman of the Clearfield county Republican Committee, in which he states that he will not be a candidate for Lieutenant Governor. The General would have had many friends in the State Convention, had he been willing to make an effort for the nomination.

—It is stated that General Butler has several times since his recent illness remarked to members without concealment that he does not intend to be a candidate for Governor of Massachusetts nor for re-election to the next Congress. The children have a conundrum running thus: "What was the reason that Jack wouldn't eat his supper?"

—Robert McKee and Harvey Osburn have been chosen Representative delegates from Butler county to the Democratic State Convention. The choice of Armstrong county, for Senatorial delegate, C. G. Golden, was concurred in, and the delegates instructed to vote for Jacob Zeigler for Lieutenant-Governor, and Hon. John Trunkley for Judge of the Supreme Court.

—The Republican Standing Committee of Bucks county had a meeting in Doylestown on the 7th inst., and after the transaction of other business appointed A. S. Cadwallader and Edward Baker additional delegates to the Republican State Convention. The other delegates appointed by the county convention last fall, are Henry T. Darlington, Edward H. Worstall and Thomas E. Williams.

—This, now, is sensible. The tax-payers of South Carolina, irrespective of party, have gone to work to organize a political movement, and they invite all, black and white, who are interested in stopping the progress of fraud and plunder, to unite with them. Their platform is a simple declaration that the reign of plunder must be brought to an end, nothing more. There is no help for South Carolina, except as it comes through self-help. When she works out her own salvation she will be saved.

THE JEWEL, CONSISTENCY.

In the good book, we read of One whose ways are past finding out; and the book of Revelation says many things that have puzzled the heads of the wisest men. But these seem not strange, because we may cast about us and see men every day whose actions and words have a professed aim for a professed purpose, when the aim and purpose may be entirely antagonistic. The surface current does not always indicate the strong swell of the undertow; neither do the actions of public men serve as a dial to indicate their secret motives. This world is all a fleeting show for man's delusion given. Preachers have been known to entreat piteously for money to carry on the foreign missionary work; to exhort earnestly the congregation to observe the golden rule they learned at their mother's knee, and, on the vulgar Monday following, refuse to pay their butcher. Politicians will fight each other knife and knife for days and weeks together, and then change their minds and allow their political faiths to find vent through the same goose-quill. Nothing is impossible in this day and generation. It requires the widest stretch of fancy to comprehend the wide breaches and rents that are daily made in set opinions and biases. The man who swore himself your enemy yesterday, and plotted your ruin, will to-day satisfy the sheriff on your account, if need be, and laying his shoulder to yours, will consider your enemies his enemies, your pets, his delights. This is the accommodating age we live in. Nothing could be more so. The political faith of millions of voters is entirely upset in the tracing of a single Presidential autograph. Brooks and Baxter, the would-be governors of Arkansas, will probably divide the booty and both make money over the graves of their victims. There is no use of being startled at anything. Keep your hand on your pocket book.

Strychnine corner may have the credit of being the rum-hole of Bellefonte, when the facts will show that there is more liquor stored in the North, than in the South ward. The temperance man of yesterday, who wasted time and wind against the anti-local optionists and their exponent, to-day will fondly embrace the rum veteran, and give him aid and comfort in tribulation. Time changes work wonders. The lion and the sheep lie down together. White is black, and *vice versa*; at the same time there is no color in either.

Hurrah for McKa, hurrah for McKa; Hurrah for McKa, hurrah for McKa; Hurrah for McKa, hurrah for McKa; Hurrah for McKa, hurrah for McKa.

The imprisonment of the Tiebhorne claimant does not end the excitement connected with this remarkable case:

Rev. Mr. Spurgeon has taken sides with the claimant, and the other Sunday, asked the congregation to make a contribution for Orton's wife and children, and further, do all they could for "the remedy of the injustice."

Tiebhorne meetings are held almost every night in various places, heralded by immense placards bearing this inscription: "Imprisonment of Sir Roger Tiebhorne! Englishmen awake! Come to the great meeting to-night for the purpose of securing his release! Lady Tiebhorne with her four children will be present. Down with the Jesuits." Many of these meetings are large and enthusiastic. They are followed up with remarkable pertinacity.

The author of "Ginx's Baby" has been lecturing in Dundee, the town that sent him to Parliament. Speaking of American manners he said: "The manners and habits of the people had greatly improved, and there was none of the 'tall talking' for which Americans received credit. Indeed, in travelling in first-class carriages in England, one would meet with more rudeness and grossness than could be met with in travelling from Maine to New Orleans."

—John J. Auten, editor of the Watson-town Record, is mentioned as a proper person to represent the Republicans of Northumberland in the lower House of the Legislature.

THE marvellous case of the Western legislator who actually refuses pay for those days of the session when he had not been in attendance is paralleled by the recent refusal of Sir. Garnet Wolsey to accept the peerage and the \$125,000 which a grateful John Bull tendered him. The patriotic soldier wishes to apply himself exclusively to his professions, and has not time to look after rents and mortgages.

We hope that a bill which has been introduced into Congress providing for the completion of the Washington monument, may receive favorable consideration. The monument, in its present condition is a disgrace to the nation and should either be finished or taken down. One generation has passed away since it was commenced, and the fact has been clearly demonstrated that it never will be built by private contributions.

KEATING AND KARTHAUS R. R. Report of the Preliminary Survey.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., May 1, 1874.

L. A. MACKAY, Esq.:—I have the honor to submit to you the following report concerning the contemplated railroad between Keating station on the Philadelphia and Erie R. R., in Clinton county, and Karthaus, on the West Branch of the Susquehanna river in Clearfield county.

The distance between the above points was carefully chained and found to be 21½ miles were carefully observed and noted.

THE LINE

was commenced at a point on the Philadelphia and Erie R. R., a few hundred feet east of Keating station. The line from thence follows the left bank of the West Branch of the Susquehanna in a southerly direction, over ground generally favorable for the construction of a railroad. The river runs very serpentine; the road will therefore require numerous curves, but none of very short radii. About one-half of the line will be over very favorable ground, upon which a railroad can be constructed at small cost, but at every loop of the stream narrows occur, and generally on steep side-hills, abounding in large, loose stones and often solid rock; the grading upon such parts of the line will be somewhat expensive, owing to the character of the material and the destruction of the common road that will have to be rebuilt. Only two trestle bridges will have to be built, one of 50 feet span over Birch Island Run, and one of 60 feet span over Upper Three Runs, the rest of the streams will be crossed by means of stringer bridges, box and open culverts.

LAND DAMAGES

will no doubt be very light, as the line seldom passes over arable land; fences will be required at a few points only, and as the railroad, when completed, will enhance the value of land a hundred fold, the owners no doubt will cheerfully donate as much land as will be needed for the use of the road.

THE GRADES

will be very easy, averaging about five feet to the mile. Some points may require level grades. In that case the grades at other points would have to be slightly increased, but under any circumstances the grades will be very light, and will either be level or descending, which will be in favor of the heavy transportation.

This will be emphatically a road for heavy freight, that will consist principally of coal, iron, lumber, bark, fire-brick and iron ore; these articles abound all along the line of the road.

From Karthaus the road might be extended along Musquit Creek into the greenwoods, (so called) the very heart of the greatest pine forest in Pennsylvania, from which point no doubt a large amount of lumber would find its way to market over this road.

SNOW SHOE COAL MINES

are but ten miles south of Karthaus; these two points might also be connected by railroad, and much of the Snow Shoe coal find an outlet by way of the West Branch roads; but independent of the above extensions there will be ample business along this line to sustain the road.

THE FURNACE AT KARTHAUS

went to ruin simply for want of an avenue to carry its products to market. Bog ore is found at numerous points on the waters of Musquit creek, and coal and iron of superior quality, and in

great abundance, are found in the immediate vicinity of Karthaus, and no doubt as soon as this railroad becomes a fixed fact the furnace at that point will again be put in blast. At Butter-milk Falls, four miles below Karthaus, bog ore is found in great abundance. Much of this ore was formerly taken in canoes and scow boats to the furnace at Karthaus.

Mr. John Jones, a gentleman residing in Lock Haven, has spent much time and labor in opening the mines and investigating the mineral resources of Keating township. In his statement to me he speaks as follows:

"I have opened in close proximity to the contemplated railroad (and only about seven miles about Keating station) the following veins of coal, iron ore, fire clay and limestone:

Vein.	Thickness.	Character.
No. 1.	4 feet 2 inches,	Coal.
" 2.	" 4 "	" "
" 3.	" 6 "	" "
" 4.	" 3 "	" "
" 5.	" 3 "	" "
" 6.	" 3 "	" "
" 7.	" 3 "	" "
" 8.	" 3 "	" "
" 9.	" 6 "	" "
" 10.	" 5 "	" "

The coal, iron ore and fire-clay I found in the above veins I considered of superior quality."

Extensive veins of coal and iron were found within the last few years upon the waters of Sinnemahoning creek, in consequence of which a company was organized and have commenced operations for the erection of two furnaces at Wistar, two miles above Keating station.

That coal and iron ore are along the line of the contemplated railroad is inexhaustible there can be no doubt; and as soon as a railroad is constructed these vast sources of wealth that have been lying dormant in the bowels of the earth will soon be developed; capitalists will direct their attention to these mines of wealth, and in a few years furnaces, saw mills, forges, etc., will spring up, the resources along the line of the road be more fully developed, and the West Branch of the Susquehanna term with industry and prosperity.

Respectfully submitted.

P. JARRETT, Civil Engineer.

The character of the work upon each mile of the road, in detail, with an estimate of the cost of grading and superstructure, is attached to the above report, which will be published hereafter.

KNIGHTS TEMPLARS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE REPUBLICAN:

Sir,—It may interest some of your readers, and possibly some of the Knights Templars, to learn the origin of that Order, and I therefore send you the following on that subject, which I gather from authority of reliable character:

"Nine French Knights bound themselves, at the beginning of the twelfth century, to protect pilgrims on their way to the Holy Land, and received the name of Templars because their arms were kept in a building given to them for the purpose, by the Abbot of the convent called the Temple of Jerusalem. They used to call themselves the 'Poor soldiers of the Holy City.' Their habit was a long white mantle, to which subsequently was added a red cross on the left shoulder.

Their famous war-cry was *Bansect* from their banner, which was striped black and white, and charged with a red cross. The word *Bansect* is old French for a black and white horse.

The seal of the Knights Templar was two Knights riding on one horse. The first Master of the Order, and his friend, were so poor that they had but one horse between them—a circumstance thus commemorated by the seal of the Order.

I am, Very truly Yours, J. M.

BELLEFONTE, May 18, 1874.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Etnier and Foust, vs Joseph Green. The plaintiffs in this suit are merchants and reside at Mill Creek in Huntingdon Co., this State. The defendant resides in Milesburg, this County. It appeared from the testimony, that E. H. Green, a son of the defendant, and George Eby, formed a co-partnership in the year 1853, under the name of E. H. Green & Co., for the purpose of operating Mill Creek Furnace. The defendant to this suit is the father of E. H. Green and was the owner of one fourth interest in the property. He gave his son the use of his interest if he would pay the taxes and keep it in repair. When the Furnace went into operation the defendant made an engagement with the firm to go there as book-keeper and remained there four years and six months, or till October 1867, when he returned to his home in Milesburg. Mr. Green frequently visited the Furnace after he gave up the book-keeping and assisted in settling accounts. In 1869 the firm of E. H. Green & Co. became insol-

ent, and this suit was brought by plaintiffs to recover some four hundred dollars due them from the firm of E. H. Green & Co. They alleged that the defendant by his actions had led the people of that vicinity to believe that he was a general partner; that the firm have obtained credit on that account. A great many witnesses testified that they have conversed with the defendant during the time he was there, that he frequently spoke of his interests, etc., on the other hand the defendant testified that when he alluded to his interests, it was in reference to his share of the real estate and had no reference to the business of E. H. Green & Co.

The plaintiff admitted that they had settled an account with E. H. Green & Co., early in the year 1869, when there was \$4100.00 due. That they were not willing to take the firm note without defendant endorsing it, which he consented to do, with Geo. Eby as one of the endorsers; plaintiffs also admitted that it was rumored around that the firm was shaky, etc. Notwithstanding this rumor they continued to sell to the firm after this settlement, although the defendant swore positively that he told them when he endorsed the note for \$4100.00 that he was not a member of the firm. The plaintiffs, only hope was to establish a genuine partnership, otherwise their doubts as to the firm at the time of settlement was sufficient evidence to defer their claim.

The trial occupied five days. The jury were unable to agree and were discharged. Woods at Huntingdon and Alexander for plaintiffs. Blanchard and Furst for defendants.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

MONDAY.

SENATE.—The inspection bill passed finally, three amendments offered by Mr. McClure being previously voted down. Ruten withdrew his resolution recalling the Centennial bill from the Governor, after a short debate.

HOUSE.—The local-option-repeal bill was rejected on third reading. The State officers' salary passed finally, and the school-book-commission bill defeated.

TUESDAY.

SENATE.—The inspection bill was recalled from the House, thus killing it for this session. A large number of bills were passed on second and third reading. The judicial-salary bill was again considered, but not disposed of. The House amendments to the city-division bill were non-concurred in, and a committee of conference appointed.

HOUSE.—A large number of bills passed second reading, and finally.

WEDNESDAY.

SENATE.—Among others the following House bills passed finally and will go to the Governor: An act to prevent school directors from assessing or collecting a building tax during the pendency of proceedings in court. An act to provide for the support out of the county treasury of the sick and injured poor when under treatment in hospitals in certain cities and boroughs. An act to repeal and amend so much of an act, to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish, approved May 1, A. D. 1873, as relates to Wilson or gray snipe and woodcock. An act declaring Montgomery creek and branches, in Clearfield county, public highways.

HOUSE.—In the House three sessions were held devoted to Senate bills on third reading, and the following passed finally, some with amendments, but most without. The amendments will be concurred in by the Senate, or arranged in conference committees, and the bills here given will go to the Governor: An act to provide for a thorough geological and mineralogical survey of the State, for the purpose of developing the mineral and agricultural resources of every part of the Commonwealth. An act to grant the consent of the State of Pennsylvania to the acquisition of certain lands of the United States for the purpose of erecting an additional light-house, to aid the navigation of the Delaware river. An act to authorize the counties, cities, towns or townships of this State, respectively, to enter into contracts with railroad companies, whose roads enter their limits, whereby said companies may re-locate, change or elevate their railroads. A further supplement to an act to aid the Central Normal School Association of the State of Pennsylvania, approved the 8th day of April, A. D. 1872, making an appropriation of \$10,000 therefor. An act to create a commission to prepare amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth, passed 62 to 29. An act authorizing the Councils of the boroughs of the Commonwealth to regulate the collection of borough tax therein.

THURSDAY.

SENATE.—The following House bills passed finally: Act to enable members of corporations residing at a distance from the central office to vote by proxy. Act to provide for inspectors in the penitentiaries. Act regulating the sale, consumption and inspection of gas. The remainder of the session was spent on reports of committees of conference. In the afternoon session the following House bill passed finally: An act making Decoration Day a holiday.

HOUSE.—Mr. Newmyer reported that the Conference Committee was unable to agree on the bill relative to the justice of the peace, and the bill fell through. The Senate amendments to the Geological Survey bill were adopted by the Conference Committee, was agreed to.

FRIDAY.

Both branches of the Legislature adjourned at twelve o'clock, after being in session but a few moments this morning and passing self-regulatory remarks. Mr. Cutler was elected Speaker of the Senate.

STATE ITEMS.

—Snyder county Fair, October 7, 8, 9, and 10.

—The wheat-fields in Clarion county look well.

—Cambria county contains 133,979 acres of unimproved woodland.

—A large rat whipped a Pottsville cat, and put two women to flight.

—A man seventy years old was arrested in Erie the other day, for lewdness.

—A man named Caskey died very suddenly, at Eden, Lancaster county, last week.

—Reisinger, the supposed murderer of Lawlor at Susquehanna Depot, has been arrested.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Kurtz, aged ninety years, the oldest person in Pottsville, died last week.

—Many of the young sparrows of Pottsville were frozen to death during the recent snow storm.

—Shipbuilders in Erie have been very busy during the late strike of the ship carpenters at Buffalo.

—A girl thirteen years of age, residing in Birdsborough, gave birth to a bouncing boy a short time since.

—William S. Jones, of Luzerne county, goes to the penitentiary for ten years, for killing his mother-in-law.

—Greene county farmers are putting in oats the second time, the grain first sown having rotted in the ground.

—Water street, Lancaster, is fixed upon definitely for the route through that city for the new Quarryville Railroad.

—Fifty rafts broke loose from the Marietta shore the other day, but were all secured before they reached the Columbia dam.

—The Rev. D. M. Miller, of Lock Haven, has received a call from the congregation of the Presbyterian church in Johnstown.

—The Waynesburg Messenger says the late severe weather has been fatal to young lambs, hundreds having died from exposure.

—The Knights of Pythias of Reading are making arrangements for a parade, picnic and a good time generally, on the 27th of July.

—Williamsport is growing apace. Over six hundred thousand dollars worth of new buildings are now in course of erection there.

—The citizens of Tunkhannock, Wyoming county, are holding meetings for the purpose of organizing the Wyoming and Sullivan railway scheme.

—Pottsville thinks of drapping King, Queen, York, etc., as names for its streets and adopting names more suitable to our republican institutions.

—The Johnstown Tribune calls John Siney, the "working man" who never does a day's work, "an ass, a loafer, a political trickster and a demagogue."

—The Sunbury and Lewistown Railroad was sold Friday at the suit of mortgagees. It was bid in by the bondholders at \$501,000.00, the sale being absolute.

—The fire-brick works of Fredericks, Monroe & Co., at Fairdeville, Clinton county, employ thirty-five men, and are capable of turning out 2,000,000 bricks per day.

—Mrs. Catharine Schmeck, aged ninety-four years, was burned to death in Reading on the 7th inst. She was working about the stove when her clothing ignited.

—A Cambria county man has invented a saw-mill which is run by one horse. It is claimed that the mill will do as much work as any forty-horse power steam engine.

—The York Press, May 8th, chronicles two cases of a suicide in that county: George Empler a farmer of Shrewsbury twp., and Simon Smith, Windsor twp. Both hanged themselves.

—Somebody filled one of the water mains in Johnstown with chunks and chips of wood, the other night, cutting off, temporarily, the supply of water, and interfering with the operations of the steel mill.

—Joseph Willett, a Canadian, deserted his family in Shippen twp., Cameron county, last week, leaving them in a destitute condition, and stealing \$91.50 in money from his father-in-law, Mr. Whittmore.

—The Welsh Presbyterian church in Providence, Luzerne county, was entered by squatters one night last week, who stole the Bible, a lamp, and other articles, and committed other indignities in the edifice.

—The Wistar Coal and Iron Company is developing extensive mines of coal and iron on the West Branch, Clinton county, in this State. A blast furnace, rolling mill, coke ovens, inclined plane, &c., are all in progress of construction.

—Mr. John Stenger, of Hempfield township, Mercer county, died on the 24th ult., after an illness of thirty-three years, twenty-seven of which he was confined to the house, and the last twenty years was in a perfectly helpless condition.

—Mrs. Susannah Lightner died at her residence in Tyrone township, Perry county, recently, aged eighty-seven years. She was the mother of ten children, while her grandchildren numbered seventy-three, and her great-grandchildren fifty-six.

—When seven years old Daniel C. Weidner, of Berks county, was bitten by a dog. On Wednesday, April 29th last, seventeen years after this occurrence, he began to show symptoms of hydrophobia, and on Thursday, May 7th he died in Reading, after suffering greatly.

—The editor of the Brookville Republican was credited with the following: "After twenty-five years have elapsed the senior editor of this paper has received official notice that the Department owes him some thirteen dollars for services as P. M., at Coal Spring, this county. Better late than never."

—Twenty-one years ago a daughter of Peter Hawr, a prominent citizen of Monroe county, was bitten by a mad dog. The little girl escaped from hydrophobia, however, grew up and married. Week before last symptoms of the dread malady began to develop, and on Tuesday, 25th inst., she died after the most intense suffering.

Poetry.

FOLLOW THOU ME.

Have ye looked for the sheep in the desert,
For those who have missed their way?
Have ye been in the wild waste places,
Where the lost and the wandering stray?
Have ye trodden the lonely highway,
The foul and darksome street?
It may be ye're in the gloaming
The print of Christ's wounded feet.

Have ye folded home to your bosom
The trembling neglected lamb,
And taught to the little lost one,
The sound of the shepherd's name?
Have ye searched for the poor and needy,
With no clothing, no home, no bread?
The Son of Man was as they then,
He had nowhere to lay his head!

Have ye carried the living water
To the parched and thirsty soul?
Have ye said to the weary and wounded,
"Christ Jesus makes the whole?"
Have ye told to my fainting children
Of the strength of the Father's hand?
Have ye guided the tottering footstep
To the shores of the "Golden Land?"

Have ye stood by the sad and weary
To smooth the pillow of the dead?
To comfort the sorrow-stricken,
And strengthen the feeble faith?
And have ye felt when the glory
Has streamed through the open door
And fitted across the shadows,
That I had been there before?

Have ye wept with the broken-hearted
In their agony of woe?
Ye might hear me whispering beside you,
"It's a pathway I often go!"
My disciples, my brethren, my friends,
Can ye dare to follow me?
Then, wherever the Master dwelleth,
There shall the servant be!

FORGET I LOVED THEE!

Thou biddest me crush it out, and live it down—
Stamp out its memory from my aching brain;
Forget I loved, remove the thorny crown
That presses on my brow with maddening pain.

Dost think there lurks within the human breast
So little of the holy fire of Love
That words can quench? 'Tis think that thou art
Can come with years, or 'e'en in realms above?

I'll tell thee, thou hast never felt the fire
Of Love's impassioned flame, or thou wouldst
know
That hope deferred, the unattained desire,
But fans the embers into brighter glow.

Forget I loved thee? Almost bid me cease
To dream of heav'n as a bygone thought of thee;
Dost think my heart can ever beat in peace
Apart from thine? dost think that thou art
A free?

I tell thee, while we hold our sway,
My ever pulse shall beat responsive to thine?
Ay, more, when from earth we pass away;
Thy spirit's haunt shall still be sought by mine!

Our Story Teller.

RUNNING A BLOCKADE.

BY SYLVANUS COBB, JR.

A Sketch of the War of 1812-14.

During the summer of 1814 the British took possession of all the State of Maine lying east of the Penobscot, and claimed it as a part of their lawful territory. They established a sort of a naval head-quarters at Castine, and from thence sent out their cruisers. Upon the Kennebec River at that time were many thriving towns, and quite a number of Yankee privateers were fitted out there. Several sailed from Bath: and even as high up as Hallowell were fitted and manned some of these troublesome little craft. In consequence of this the British turned their attention to this latter river, and established a blockade at its mouth. They knew that some privateers were being fitted out somewhere up the stream, and they were determined to take them if they came out.

And there was another thing which the enemy had in view in this blockade. There was a fort up the river a short distance and also several military store-houses; and they (the British) had learned that provisions and ammunition were expected from Boston or Salem for these places. So they met to kill two birds with one stone. They would prevent the privateers from coming out; and also prevent the stores from going in.

Many still living, who resided upon the Kennebec during that war, remember well the season of that blockade. They depended for much of their provision upon the coasters which came from Massachusetts; and now that the small vessels were prevented from coming in, they suffered much. In Hallowell, Waterville, Gardiner and other places, provisions were so scarce that many people who were considered well-off in ordinary times lived upon the swill-gatherings of the more wealthy; and a silver dollar's worth of meal could be carried away in a common pocket-handkerchief. The suffering was great. The people knew that there were several vessels anxious to get in, but the British war-brig at the river's mouth prevented them.

Among the vessels which were expected at Hallowell was a heavy schooner named "The Polly Ann." She was owned and commanded by a man named Eben Wait. Also another schooner called "The Eliza," which belonged to Abner Jenkins.

The "Polly Ann" and the "Eliza," both cleared at Salem, Mass., the former loaded with one of the most valuable cargoes ever sent to the eastward; for besides a large lot of excellent provisions, such as flour, corn, rye, pork and beef, she had a large quantity of arms and ammunitions for two privateers that were lying at Bath. The loss of the "Polly Ann" would have been a severe blow in two ways: It would have sadly added to the want of the poor people of the Kennebec, and have prevented the outfit of two staunch privateers; and it would have also added much to the power of the enemy by furnishing them with things which they much needed.

The "Polly Ann" was a new and valuable craft; not so the "Eliza." The latter was very old and very rotten; and she was now upon her last trip. Her owner had resolved to try the run to Hallowell, and then pull his old schooner to pieces for firewood, as that was about all she was good for. On the present occasion she was loaded with provisions; but the load was necessarily a light one, as Jenkins dare not venture to sink her too deeply.

The two schooners sailed from Salem together. In fact Jenkins would not have dared to sail alone, for he was not sure that his rickety old craft would carry him through. The "Polly Ann" was manned by Captain Wait; his son Nathan, a youth of nineteen; a man of thirty, named Jim Tufis, and Samuel Locke, a young man of five and twenty. The "Eliza" had besides her captain, David, a brother of the commander, Walter Davis and Charles Allen, both young men and able.

When the two schooners reached Wood Island, which lies at the mouth of the Saco River, they were boarded by some Yankee fishermen who resided there, and who informed them that it would be of no use for them to go any farther.

"Ye can't get into the river," said one of them, "for a cursed brig-o'-war's a lyin' off an' on there all the time. An' I ken tell ye one more thing, too; them Brits are on the lookout for you. They've been informed somehow."

This was a damper upon Captain Eben Wait. He had known that there were British war-vessels upon the coast; but he had hoped that there might be none in his way. He could not turn back.

He knew that those whom he loved were suffering for the want of the food he had with him; and that the privateers could not sail until they had the stores he had in charge for them. And the cargo might spoil by being kept too long in the hold of his vessel.

What should he do? The loss to him, if he failed to make his trip, would be great; but he thought not so much of that as he did of the loss to those who were depending upon him for the very means of sustaining life. He questioned the fishermen very closely, and was convinced that they spoke truly. Three of them had come from Monhegan only two days before, and had been robbed of their fish by the same brig.

"And," continued the informant, "one of the officers asked us if we knew the Yankee schooner 'Polly Ann.' We pretended we didn't know anything about it. He said he'd have ye of ye come that way."

Captain Wait pondered a long while upon the information he had received. "It's a hard case," he said to his friend Capt. Jenkins. "I know how those fellows watch. There's no getting by them."

"'Tis confounded bad," returned Jenkins. "Now, if 'twasn't for the cargo I've got aboard they might have my old hulk in welcome. I don't know but I'd be willin' to pay 'em somethin' to carry her off; for the fire-wood she'll make won't hardly be worth the trouble of cuttin' her up. She's half rotten, and t'other half is as full of nails and spikes as her sails are full of holes. But with your vessel it's different. She's new and valuable. By thunder, Eben, I'm afeared we'll have to go back. But it's a cursed hard, isn't it?"

But a new light had gleamed upon the bronzed face of Capt. Wait.

"Look ye Abner," he said eagerly, "if I could carry your cargo all safely up the river would you give up your vessel?"

"Would I?" cried Jenkins. "I'll bet I would. Yes, sir—I'd let her go to grass in a minute."

"Then I think we can do it. At all events, we'll try. My schooner can easily carry all the load you've got from here to Bath. We'll drop in shore and shift cargo as quickly as possible."

Jenkins heard his friend's plan explained, and his own face grew bright. The two schooners were anchored, and then lashed side to side; and soon all hands turned to with a will. Before night "Eliza" was "flying" light, with nothing aboard that could possibly be taken away. They left her hull, her masts, her three sails, and such rigging as was absolutely necessary to keep her on the wind.

The distance from Wood Island to the mouth of the Kennebec is about thirty miles; so the run was not a long one. Wait did not wish to start until after midnight, as his plan was to bring the war-brig in sight just about day-break. The wind was from the south'rd and east'rd, and blowing a fair breeze; and it was likely to remain so, at least until the sun rose again.

As one o'clock in the morning the two schooners again made sail; and at three the light upon Cape Elizabeth was on the harbor quarter. At half-past three Seguin light was in sight ahead. Seguin is an island at the mouth of the Kennebec.

At four o'clock the first gleams of the coming day appeared upon the horizon; and in a very few minutes afterwards the tall spars of the British brig-of-war could be distinctly made out directly ahead, just outside of Seguin, and to the south'rd of it.

"Now's our time," shouted Capt. Wait, hailing his companion, who was close under his lee.

Abner Jenkins ran his vessel to the windward of the "Polly Ann," and as he came abreast, he cried out:—"Would ye set her agoin' now?"

"Yes. Are you sure she'll mind her helm?"

"Yes. I can fix that sure."

Then do it soon as you can. The Englishman hasn't seen us yet. Set her head a little to the north'rd of east!"

"Aye, aye," responded Jenkins; and thereupon he set at work.

In the meantime Wait had his sail all taken in, so that the Englishman should not see him; and as the water was shoal he let go a light anchor.

Jenkins' first movement was to lower his boat and secure her by the painter, to one of the stern davids. Next he put on all sail, and had the sheets belayed very carefully for running with the wind a little forward of the beam. The tiller was next set and as soon as he was satisfied that the schooner would run in a direct line with the tiller thus, he lashed it fast. He knew the "Eliza" well enough to know that she would be true to the course he had given her; and having seen that the sheets were securely belayed, and that nothing of any value was left on board, he and his crew got into the boat and pulled for the "Polly Ann."

Away went the schooner in fine style, dashing the foam from before her, and leaping over the light waves as deftly as could be. Capt. Wait took his glass and went aloft. He could now see the brig plainly. She was under easy sail, and appeared to be lying to.

By the course upon which the old schooner was sailing, she would pass only about three miles from the brig; and that too, before many minutes.

"Hi-yi!" cried Wait. "There she goes!"

As he spoke a wreath of smoke curled up from the Englishman's deck, and in a moment more the report of a heavy gun came booming over the water.

"He's taken the bait!" shouted Jenkins.

Another and another gun boomed away from the deck of the brig, but the schooner did not stop. She dashed away over the water with her flag flying, and showed no disposition to obey the Briton's summons.

"Hi! Look!" cried Wait, as a round shot ploughed up the water under the stern of the flying schooner.

But this was not to last much longer. The brig soon put up her helm and bore away, and cracked on all sail.

Away went the schooner and away went the brig. Bang!—Bang!—Bang! went the Englishman's guns; and the Yankee coaster seemed to fly the faster! But the brig was gaining rapidly. Ere long one of her round shot tore the poor "Eliza's" quarter-rail off; and next a shot struck. Nearer and nearer came the brig! and shot after shot riddled the poor devoted schooner. Presently her mainmast went by the board—then her bowsprit dropped—and finally she lay, a helpless, sinking, rotten, useless mass upon the water, which must soon open his bosom to give her rest.

Meanwhile the "Polly Ann" had run up her anchor and made sail; and as the brig overtook her prize, the successful Yankee was passing behind Seguin. In a short time the vessel was left upon her starboard quarter, and once more she was in full view of the Englishman.

"Let's leave to her a little while, just to see the fun," said Wait.

This was readily agreed to; for the "Polly Ann" was just in the mouth of the river, with the wind fair for running her up at any moment.

So the schooner was hove to, and all hands gathered aft to watch the operations of the evening. Beside the heavy guns which Wait had stowed away under the main hatch, for the privateers, he had a lot of muskets. He had eight of these brought up and loaded, and the Yankee flag got ready for running up the main peak.

The brig was seen to overhaul the poor, riddled, dismantled hulk, and our Yankees fancied they could almost hear the British curse and swear. "But woe they curs a little more when they see us!" said Jenkins.

"I reckon they will," responded Captain Wait.

In a few minutes from that time the brig was seen to put up her helm, and very soon afterwards the old hulk gave a lurch and went down.

"They see us!" cried Wait, as the brig put her head about.

And so it would seem; for the mainmast was not only put about, but her men crowded upon her fore-castle and gazed off to where the Yankee schooner lay. Up went her studding-sails, below and aloft, and she came ploughing through the water at a swift rate.

At length she fired one of her bow guns, and the ball fell directly beneath the end of the Yankee's flying jib-boom.

"Up with the helm!" cried Capt. Wait. "Haul over the main sheets! Get out the muskets!"

The muskets were taken by the men even the man at the helm going in for one, and as soon as the vessel was fairly headed up the river, they gathered along by the trail-rail. The Stars and Stripes were run up to the peak, and as the

glorious ensign opened its magic folds to the breeze, the captain gave the order to fire.

The reports of eight muskets rang out upon the air; three hearty cheers were given by the homeward-bound men; and then the "Polly Ann" danced away up her native river.

Surely the officers and crew of the blockading brig must have felt particularly foolish about that time. And that they did feel so is evident from a remark her captain made to a poor fisherman whom he overhauled for fish on the evening of that very day. It was a fisherman who had ventured down off Cape Small Point after haddock. He asked the fisherman if the "Polly Ann" had entered the river.

"Ye-e-es, sir," answered the poor fellow.

"Did she carry up much of a load?"

"Gereusalem! yew'd a thought so, I reckon," answered the fisherman, who seemed desirous of giving an emphatic reply. "She was loaded down to the gun'ls, sir. It's a marey 'at she didn't sink!"

But the man spoke without counting his cost. The "Polly Ann" stopped at Bath and unloaded her large guns and ammunition; and three days afterwards two sprightly privateers sailed down the river, and captured the brig-of-war, and carried her into port.

Meanwhile the successful schooner kept on up the river, carrying gladness to all patriotic hearts; furnishing food for hundreds of famishing bodies; and inspiring many desponding souls with new hopes and aspirations.

The Great Temperance Movement.

For years, and years, and weary, suffering years, multiplied into decades, have the women of America waited to see that traffic destroyed which annually sends sixty thousands of their sons, brothers, fathers and husbands into the drunkard's grave. They have been impoverished, disgraced, tortured in mind and body, beaten, murdered. Under the impulse of maddening liquors the hands that were pledged before Heaven to provide for, and protect them, have withdrawn from them the means of life, or smitten them in the dust. Sons whom they have nursed upon their bosoms with tenderest love and countless prayers, have grown into beasts, of whom they were afraid, or have sunk into helpless and pitiful slavery. They have been compelled to cover their eyes with shame in the presence of fathers whom it would have been bliss for them to hold in honor. They have been compelled to bear children to men whose habits had unfitted them for parenthood—children not only tainted by disease, but endowed with debased appetites. They have seen themselves and their precious families thrust into social degradation, and cut off forever from all desirable life by the vice of the men they loved. What the women of this country have suffered from drunkenness, no mind, however sympathetic, can measure, and no pen, however graphic, can describe. It has been the unfathomable black gulf into which infatuated multitudes of men have thrown their fortunes, their health, and their industry, and out of which have come only—in fire and stench—dishonor, disease, crime, misery, despair and death. It is the abomination of abominations, the curse of curses, the hell of hells!

For weary, despairing years, they have waited to see the reform that should protect them from further harm. They have listened to lectures, they have encouraged temperance societies, they have asked for, and secured legislation, and all to no practical good end. The politicians have played them false; the officers of the law are unfaithful; the government revenue thrives on the thriftiness of their curse; multitudes of the clergy are not only apathetic in their pulpits, but self-indulgent in their social habits; newspapers do not help, but rather hinder them; the liquor interests, armed with the money that should have bought them prosperity, organizes against them; fashion opposes them; a million fierce appetites are arrayed against them, and, losing all faith in men, what can they do?

There is but one thing for them to do. There is but one direction in which they can look, and that is upward! The women's temperance movement, begun and carried on by prayer, is as natural in its birth and growth, as the oak that springs from the acorn. If God and the God-like element in woman cannot help, there is no help. If the pulpit, the press, the politicians, the reformers, the law, cannot bring reform, who is left to do it but God and the woman?

We bow to this movement with reverence. We do not stop to question methods; we do not pause to query about permanent results. We simply say to the glorious women engaged in this marvelous crusade:—"May God help and prosper you, and give you the desire of your heart in the fruit of your labors!"

It becomes men to be either humbly helpful or dumb. We who have dallied with this question; we who have passionately drawn the line between temperance and total abstinence; we who have deplored drunkenness with wine-glasses in our hands; we who have consented to involve a great moral reform with politics; we who have been politically afraid of the power of the brutal element associated with the liquor traffic; we who have split hairs in our discussions of public policy; we who have given social sanction to habits that in the great cities have made drunkards of even the women themselves, and led their sons and ours into a disolute life; we who have shown either our unwillingness or our importance to save the country from the gulf that yawns before it, can only step aside with shame-faced humanity while the great crusade goes on or heartily give to it our approval and our aid.

This is not a crusade of professional agitators, clamoring for an abstract right, but an enterprise of suffering, pure and devoted women, laboring for the overthrow of a concrete wrong. It is no pleasant, holiday business in which these women are engaged, but one of self-denying hardship, pregnant in every part with a sense of duty. It is the offspring of a grand religious impulse which gives to our time its one superb touch of heroism, and redeems it from its political debasement and the degradation of its materialism. It is a shame to manhood that it is necessary; it is a glory to womanhood that it is possible.

If the experience of the last century has demonstrated anything, it is that total abstinence is the only ground on which any well-wisher of society can stand. The liquor traffic has been bolstered up for years, and is strong to-day, simply through influence which is deemed respectable. It must be made infamous by the combination of all the respectable elements of society against it. It must cease to be respectable to drink at all. It must cease to be respectable to rent a building in which liquors are sold. There is no practical middle ground. So long as men drink temperately, men will drink intemperately, whether it ought to be otherwise or not; and it is with reference to the development of a healthy public opinion on this subject, that we particularly rejoice in the women's crusade. Her own vision is so blinded and perverted that we can only see the deformity of the monster which oppresses us through woman's eyes, uplifted in prayer, tearful in shame and suffering, or bright in triumph as the strong-holds of her life-long enemy fall before her.

The Faded Wrapper.

"Are you not sorry that father has gone away to stay over night, Alice?" said one of Mrs. Montgomery's children to his sister. "It rains so that no one will call; and now mother will wear that faded wrapper all day. I heard her tell Barbara she should have a good long day for sewing. She doesn't think it worth while to set even the dining-room table just for us."

"Don't you wish she would spill ink on that dress, Philip?" was the answer. "Then she wouldn't wear it any more."

"No indeed, I don't want it any worse, for she would wear it just the same rainy days and when papa is away."

Now mamma in the next room, heard this discussion of the children, and arose to take a survey of herself in the looking-glass. It was not a very pleasing picture that the polished surface gave back to her view.

"Now Harry Warren's mother," said Philip, "is always dressed nicely, any time of day."

"She wears such pretty bows on her hair and neck," said Alice. "But she isn't half so pleasant as our mother, she added loyally, "if she does look prettier."

The mother's eyes glistened as she looked down on the old wrapper.

"To be compared to Aunt Warren's," she thought, "and by my own children, too, who would have thought they were such sharp little things? They notice every trifle."

Mrs. Montgomery's spirit was quite stirred. She would not allow such a rival, she said to herself, if she could eclipse her.

"You shall be disappointed about the old wrapper, for once, Mr. Philip," she added smiling, so she took a soft bright dress, just the thing to enliven a dull day. Then she puffed her hair in her prettiest style, and proceeded to dress herself with unusual care. The delicate lace collar was adorned with a bow of palest pink, and her hair was tied back with a ribbon to match.

It is wonderful how these simple additions to the toilet changed her whole appearance. A little taste does much for a woman's toilet, and yet how small, often is the cost. A simple knot of violet or crimson velvet will make a dull dress look bright and even elegant. As a great painter said, "trifles make perfection, but perfection is no trifle."

Mrs. Montgomery's face wore a brighter look than usual that day, as she entered the nursery. Her dress had actually raised her spirits; but she was

hardly prepared for the burst of admiration that greeted her. It is not often that compliments are sincere and heartfelt as were those of her little ones that day. But her children's tones quickly changed to one of anxiety.

"Are you going away anywhere, mamma?" they asked directly.

"No, dears, I am going to sew on the machine all day; so we can have a nice time together."

Little Alice hung over her chair a minute, admiringly, and fingered her buttons, as she said, with a smile of deep content in her eye:

"You look nice, mamma."

Mrs. Montgomery smiled, as she threaded the needle of her machine, while Philip added proudly:

"She looks nicer than Harry's mother, even when she has her silk dress on."

"That was reward enough; she had eclipsed her rival."

"I'll remember this day's lesson," said the mother, in her own heart; and she did remember it.

The rainy day dress was doomed, and they helped to rip it up with sincere pleasure. It made excellent linings for a new one, and it often preached its old sermon over, as it hung, wrong side out in the closet.

Mothers, when you allow yourselves slovenly ways among the little ones, in the seclusion of the nursery, remember there's a child there 'a takin' notes.' Those notes will be read even when your head lies low. Of all the bright pictures that hang on memory's wall, there is none to me so fair as a sweet loving mother, whose appearance was always neat and tasteful, even in working dress. Children may love an untidy mother, after a fashion, but they can never respect her. She cannot keep the hold on them in after years that one of the opposite habits possesses. Besides, if you are untidy yourself, they will probably grow up to imitate you. Don't neglect the details of dress, that add so much to appearance, because there will be 'no one about but the children.'

A PRACTICAL TEST.

A Danbury man named Reubens recently saw a statement that counting one hundred when tempted to speak an angry word would save a man a great deal of trouble. This statement sounded a little singular at first, but the more he read it over the more favorably he became impressed with it, and finally concluded to adopt it. Next door to Reubens lives a man who has made five distinct attempts in the last fortnight to secure a dinner of green peas by the 1st of July and every time has been retarded by Reubens' hens. The next morning after Reubens made his resolution this man found his fifth attempt to have miscarried. Then he called on Reubens. He said:

"What in the world do you mean by letting your hens tear up my garden?"

Reubens was prompted to call him a mad snoot, a new name just coming in general use, but he remembered his resolution, put down his rage, and meekly observed:

"One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight—"

Then the mad neighbor, who had been eying this answer with a great deal of suspicion, broke in again:

"Why don't you answer my question, you rascal?"

But still Reubens maintained his equanimity, and went on with the test:

"Nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen—"

The mad neighbor stared harder than ever.

"Seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one—"

"You are a mean skunk," said the mad neighbor, backing toward the fence.

Reubens' face flushed at this charge but still he only said:

"Twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six—"

At this figure the neighbor got up on the fence in some haste; but suddenly thinking of his peas, he opened his mouth:

"You mean low lived rascal, for two cents I could knock your 'cracked head over a barn, and I would—"

"Twenty-seven, twenty-eight," interrupted Reubens, "twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two—"

Here the neighbor broke for the house, and entering it violently slammed the door behind him; but Reubens did not dare let up on the enumeration, and so he stood out there alone in his own yard, and kept on counting, while his burning cheeks and flashing eyes eloquently affirmed his judgment. When he got into his eighties his wife came to the door in some alarm.

"Why, Reubens, man, what is the matter with you?" she said. "Do come into the house."

But he didn't let up. She came out to him, and clung tremblingly to him, but he only looked into her eyes and said:

"Ninety-three, ninety-four, ninety-five, ninety-six, ninety-seven, ninety-eight, ninety-nine, one hundred—go into the house old woman, or I'll bust ye." And she went.—Danbury News.

A Western paper announces the death of a lady celebrated for the "purity of her character and her complexion."

THE SIZE OF COUNTRIES.

The Red Sea would reach from Washington to Colorado, and it is three times as wide as Lake Ontario.

Madagascar is as large as New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Vermont, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Virginia and North Carolina all put together.

Palestine is one-fourth the size of New York.

Hindustan is more than one hundred times larger than Palestine.

Great Britain is two-thirds the size of Japan, one-twelfth the size of Hindustan, one-twentieth of China, and one twenty-fifth of the United States.

Greece about the size of the State of Vermont.

The English Channel is nearly as large as Lake Superior.

Lake Huron is as large as the Sea of Azof.

The Great Desert of Africa has nearly the present dimensions of the United States.

The Caspian Sea would stretch from New York to St. Augustine, and is as wide as from New York to Rochester.

The following bodies of water are nearly equal in size: German Ocean, Black Sea, Yellow Sea; Hudson's Bay is rather larger; the Baltic, Adriatic, Persian gulf and Ogean Sea about half as large, and somewhat larger than Lake Superior.

The Mediterranean, if placed across North America, would make sea navigation from San Diego to Baltimore.

The Gulf of Mexico is about ten times the size of Lake Superior, and about as large as the Sea of Kamchatka, Bay of Bengal, China Sea, Okhotsk Sea or Japan Sea. Lake Ontario would go into either of them more than fifty times.

Great Britain and Ireland are about as large as New Mexico; but not as large as Iowa and Nebraska. They are less than New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.

JOAQUIN MILLER found Geneva full of his countrymen, and asked to be taken to some place where there were no Americans. The boatman looked at him for a moment, then hopelessly up and down the lake, and away across toward Mont Blanc, and at last shook his head; but suddenly a new idea seemed to strike him, and he lifted his eyes toward Heaven.

"The day is not far distant," say a Raleigh paper, "when the world will begin to look on death as a journey to another country." Yes; and the journey is one on which we can all of us go as deadheads.

The poor are suffering this winter. Mrs. T. Templeton Shawnee says she cannot afford roast beef at thirty-three cents a pound while opera tickets are four dollars each.

AN old lady devoutly reading her Bible, and thinking of the work in the same time: "And the Lord said unto Moses, Jane you better put the tea-kets tie on."

Two dollars will cover the expense of a cremation, and a champagne bottle makes a coffin. Get your bottles ready, and prepare to be bottled off.

THE "Literary World" intimates that H. W. Beecher is not a good punctuator; but nobody can deny that he makes some of his points admirably.

"BOILED EGGS" is the name adopted by the new Danbury base ball club to signify how impossible it is to beat them.

A VERMONT gentleman has just obtained a divorce from his wife on the ground of intolerable severity.

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MAKES THE WEAK STRONG.

The Peruvian Syrup, a Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, is so combined as to have the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated with the blood as the simplest food. It increases the quantity of Nature's Own Vitalizing Agent, Iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills," simply by Toning up, Invigorating and Vitalizing the System. The enriched and vitalized blood permeates every part of the body, repairing damages and waste, searching out morbid secretions, and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhea, Boils, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood, or accompanied by debility or a low state of the system. Being free from Alcohol, in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by any corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor, and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Constitution.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP blown in the glass. Pamphlets Free.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors,

No. 1 Milton Place, Boston.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

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Hardware.

F. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS

BELLEFONTE, PA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS.

ELAINE

AS AN ILLUMINATOR.

WHY IT IS THE SAFEST.

ELAINE will not explode while burning in a lamp, nor in any other way, as it does not contain any of the explosive compounds so frequently met with in the ordinary oil for illuminating. A lamp, filled with ELAINE, if upset or accidentally broken, will not explode or burn. There is no position in which you can put a lamp filled with ELAINE, for common use, in which it will explode. As no other illuminator has such advantages of safety, ELAINE IS CERTAINLY THE SAFEST FAMILY ILLUMINATING OIL KNOWN. (Almost the same price as coal oil.)

All kinds of Builders' Hardware and Carriage Makers' Goods

COMPLETE SADDLERS' STOCK!

SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVES,

guaranteed to be the best and the heav-

est casting, largest oven &c.

Cash on short Credit, in no case to ex-

ceed three months.

37-4f WILSON & HICKS.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKENHOFF ROW

J. & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

All sorts of

Forks,

Chains,

Shovels,

Axes,

Grindstones,

Coal Oil Lamps,

Paints,

Oils,

Varnishes,

&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

to merit and receive a share of public patron-

age.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and exam-

ine our stock.

5-20-ly J. & J. HARRIS,

No. 5 Brockenhoff Row.

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Next door to Wilson's & Hicks' Hard-

ware store, Allegheny St.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

James C. Williams,

(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)

ALERS IN

PURE DRUGS

AND MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS,

VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY,

BELLEVILLE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, May 20, 1874

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors
EDWARD T. TUTEN, Editor
ROBERT P. TUTEN, Publisher

Terms: \$2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

OUR TERMS

Subscription and Advertising.

The BELLEVILLE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday Morning, in Belleville, Mo., by E. T. & R. P. TUTEN.

The following rates:

One year in advance, \$2.00

If not paid within 6 months, \$2.50

If not paid for until expiration of year, \$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county unless paid for in advance.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 30 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding lines this type, \$5.00 per annum.

A 1 advertisement for a less term than three months, 30 cts. per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

A 1 advertisement due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes, Paper-books, Programmes, Blankets, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors, Belleville, Mo.

(Communication.)

WILMINGTON, May 15th, 1874.

DEAR EDITORS,

To a stranger the laws of Delaware

seem somewhat alarmingly barbarous

and the few capital cases that are

tried indicate what effect they have upon

those who are inclined to deeds that are

dark and tricks that are vain. To give

your many readers an insight into the

operation and orgulous manner with

which offenders are dealt with here

show me to present a case in point.

On Wednesday last, about noon, a man

giving the name of Lewis Robinson was

arrested on suspicion of having committed

an aggravated assault upon a little

girl of about 12 years of age. On Thurs-

day morning early he was arraigned be-

fore the Mayor's Court and committed

to New Castle Jail. That same morn-

ing, the Grand Jury, there sitting, found

a true bill of indictment against him.

A jury was immediately empaneled,

and he was tried convicted and senten-

ced to five years imprisonment, \$500

fine, one hour in the pillory and to re-

ceive at the whipping post (which is

such a bug-bear to criminals) thirty

lashes. The pillory and lashes will be

carried into effect to-morrow. Does

not this savor of the days of witches

&c.? But it is Delaware justice and

we unto him who has to feel its power.

As doubtless you are aware Wilming-

ton, is the pioneer city of ironship-build-

ing in this country and apropos of this

a very fine steamer, the Hudson, was

launched yesterday from the ship yard

of Mess. Pusey, Jones & Co. She is in-

tended for Cromwell Line, to run be-

tween New York and New Orleans.

She was committed to the element in

the presence of 5000 men, women and

children who added their plaudits to the

blowing of whistles and ringing of bells.

The length of the Hudson over all is

300 feet, length on load line 280 feet,

width of beam 34 feet, depth of hold 20

feet 9 inches. She is of iron and has a

carrying capacity of 2000 tons, and will

be propelled by one large vertical direct-

acting engine with cylinders 48 inches

in diameter and a stroke of 72 inches.

She does not, of course, rank among the

largest—but for symmetry and beauty

cannot be surpassed.

The prospect of a good peach crop

in this state is very flattering. Dela-

ware has for years been known as the fruit

garden of the Atlantic States, and the

fact of a good crop being insured is

good news to all lovers of this delicious

fruit.

In visiting the Brandywine a few days

ago, (a stream which is so well known

in connection with the early history of

our country), I was struck with its re-

markable similarity to that beautiful

and romantic stream which runs along

the pike just outside of Belleville. The

water is clear and beautiful and its

banks are the resort during the summer

months of thousands of excursionists

from the adjacent towns and cities.

In business circles the general com-

plaint is dullness. The manufacturing

establishments are running only one-

third their usual number of hands and

as a consequence many workmen are

walking the streets. When will old Pau

rust satisfied with the row he has kicked

up and let us alone?

TEA.

—There is a town out west that

wants all boys with large ears to go there

to learn the banking business. As there

are several in this place who are in the

habit of making pen-racks of their

ears, while running errands on the

streets, we suggest that they might find

the above, permanent use for their ty-

CLOSING EXERCISES OF OUR PUBLIC

SCHOOLS.—On Monday evening, May 11,

the town schools held their annual

exercises, which embraced the pro-

gramme which we publish below. An

amphitheatre had been constructed

within the bar of the court room, which

accommodated the students of the entire

eight schools. The girls were all dressed

in white, while the different grades and

divisions were distinguished from each

other by different colors of ribbon. The

court room was well filled with a quiet

and attentive audience. Miss Lizzie

Campbell delivered the salutatory "Na-

ture, the Perfection of Art," in a de-

licate manner and with a clear, distinct

voice; and the valedictory by Miss

Nannie T. McGinley won admiration

from all. Her production indicated

that the place of honor to which she

was assigned was merited by long and

patient labor. Miss Kate Schnell, the

queen of the "Floral Festival" was ad-

mitted by all for the simplicity and grace

with which she presided over her youth-

ful subjects. At the time designated in the

programme for "Award," A. O. Furst,

Esq., president of the board of directors

called upon the examining committees

for their several reports. The follow-

ing reports were read, respectively by

Dr. Geo. F. Harris and H. Y. Stitzer,

Esq. Written reports of the examina-

tions in Mrs. R. A. Ward and Miss Jen-

nie Morrison's departments were not

readowing to the unavoidable absence

of the examining committees. In justice

to these departments we must say that

the examinations in them were thor-

ough and satisfactory as in the depart-

ments from which the examining com-

mittees reported.

Here are the reports:

BELLEVILLE, May 9th, 1874.

PROF. D. H. HARRIS.

Sir.—Having been appointed a committee

to attend the examinations and award certificates

of scholarship in the High School, we herewith

submit our report. In the first division, we are

of the opinion that Miss Lizzie Campbell is en-

itled to the highest place with Miss Nannie

McGinley so near that our decision would seem

almost a distinction without a difference. In

the second division we agree that Master

Robert McKnight should stand at the front

having attained the best average in the different

studies of his class. We are constrained to say,

however, that Misses Julia McGuffey, Sallie

McGinley, Alicia McCafferty, Bertie Alexander,

and Masters Charles Tripple and Walter Bay-

ard, compare very favorably with him. In re-

lations of the whole school our attention was

drawn particularly to Miss Colla Sternburg,

who, though one of the youngest scholars, quite

distinguished herself in composition and spell-

ing. We deem further to express our surprise

and pleasure at the high grade of advancement

attained by some of the older scholars as well

as our admiration of general attendance, studious-

ness and steady advancement of the whole

school. At the instance of Board of Directors

we further report our high appreciations of

the great success attending the efforts of the

teachers in the several departments, as evinced

by the steady improvement in the scholars in

the different schools.

Very Respectfully

GEORGE F. HARRIS,

W. P. JENKINS,

Committee.

The undersigned a committee to examine the

different divisions in the Junior grammar

school, of which Miss Beckie McGinley is the

teacher, would respectfully report the follow-

ing: That we have attended to our duties, and

only feel sorry, after a thorough examination

that we are limited in our awards, so that we

cannot award certificates of good scholarship to

all in their different studies. They all deserve

the highest commendation, for the zeal mani-

fest in striving for humble recognition for this

attainment, in the different studies, and to

those who failed to win the prize, we would say

press forward with increased energy and the

same zeal manifested by you in the past and we

warrant that success will crown your efforts.

And as we are compelled to distinguish, we

award Willie Kline and Allie Boney for pro-

ficiency in all the studies in which they are

examined. And in second division we award to

Mary Powers and Mary Wetzel as being most

ready and correct in their examination. And

now having performed the delicate duty as-

signed us, by thus publicly recognizing the few

among so many meritorious aspirants, we would

consider our report incomplete were we to pass

over in silence the successful and unassuming

manner by which the grade has been brought

up to its present proficiency both in good order

and conduct of the school, and the thorough

and correct instruction given, we therefore

with pleasure commend Miss McGinley, teacher

of Grade No. 3, to a generous and appreciative

public for the faithful performance of her vari-

ous and arduous duties, as teacher of this

grade, hoping that in addition to the pecuniary

compensation, she will at the same time consid-

er the most pleasing and satisfactory reward,

students who surrounded them; the next

examination might prove that other

minds and hands had been struggling,

with success, for the mastery, and

would stand before their school mates

and the citizens of Belleville, in all the

honest pride they now felt, in the re-

ward of their labors.

Thus ended the closing exercises of

the public schools.

Miss Maggie E. Swope deserves great

credit for the very satisfactory manner

in which the students of the schools ac-

quitted themselves. Her success as a

teacher of music is plainly shown in the

fact that three fourths of the regular

students in the public schools are thor-

oughly conversant with the rudiments

of music, while their advancement in

drawing is most satisfactory. She is

almost invaluable to our schools. Here

is the

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST.

Praise the Lord..... Opening Chorus.

Salutatory..... Miss Lizzie Campbell

May-Day Song..... Full Chorus

Recitation—Mt. Tabor..... Master J. Monte Ward

Laurel and Row..... Quartette

The Storm—Instrumental..... Bertie Alexander

Welcome Spring..... Full Chorus

Recitation..... Master Milton Straub

Home, Sweet Home..... Misses Graham & Swope

PART SECOND.

Cantata..... Flora's Festival

MORNING.

Hail, Smiling Morn..... Opening Chorus

Come, Sisters..... Full Chorus

Hail, Holy Light..... Miss Kate Schnell

BELLEFONTE, PA

THE LOST SHEEP.

There were ninety and nine that safely lay
In the shelter of the fold;
And one was out on the hills away,
Far off from the gates of gold;
Away from the mountains wild and bare,
Away from the tender shepherd's care.

"Lord, thou hast here thy ninety and nine;
Are they not enough for thee?"
But the shepherd made answer, "This of mine
Has wandered away from me;
And although the road be dark and steep,
I go to the desert to find my sheep."

But none of the ransomed ever knew
How deep were the waters crossed;
Nor how dark was the night that the Lord passed
Through,
Ere he found his sheep that was lost.
Out in the desert he heard its cry,
Sick, and helpless and ready to die.

"Lord, whence are those blood drops all the way?
That mark the mountain's track?"
"They were shed for one who had gone astray
Ere the shepherd could bring him back."
"Lord, whence are thy hands so rent and torn?"
"They are pierced to-night by many a thorn."

"And all through the mountains, thunder riven,
And from the rocky steep,
There rose a cry to the gate of heaven,
"Rejoice, I have found my sheep!"
And the angels echoed around the throne,
"Rejoice for the Lord brings back his own!"

Oath of the Ancient Knights.

We find in the "Life and Times of St. Bernard" a book translated from the French and published about twelve years ago, the following oath. It was administered to the followers of St. Bernard in the Christian Crusades against the infidels at Jerusalem about the twelfth century. It reads substantially as follows:

"I swear that I will defend by my word, by all means in my power, and even with my life, the mysteries of the faith, the seven sacraments, the fourteen articles of faith, the Apostles creed of St. Athanasius, the Old and New Testaments, with the explanations of the holy Fathers received by the Church, the unity of the Divine nature, and the trinity of persons in God, the virginity of the Virgin Mary before and after the birth of her Son.

"Furthermore, I promise obedience and submission to the Grand Master of the Order, according to the statutes of our blessed Father Bernard. I will go to fight beyond seas, as often as they shall be necessary. I will never fly before three infidels, even though I be alone. I will observe perpetual chastity. I will aid by my words, my arms, and my deeds, all religious persons, and especially the abbots and religious of the Christian Order, as our brethren and particular friends, with whom we are especially united. In witness whereof, I will keep all these engagements. So help me God, and his Holy Gospels.

Wesley by this act, as well as by many other documents, the veneration and gratitude of the Templars towards him who they regarded as their father and protector. "Go," said St. Bernard to them, "go forth, brave knights, pursue with an intrepid heart the enemies of the cross of Jesus Christ, well assured that neither death nor life will be able to separate you from the love of God which is Jesus Christ. In all perils and on all occasions repeat these words of the apostle, 'Living or dead we are God's. Conquerors or martyrs, rejoice, you are Lord's!'"

ONE of the prominent physicians of Boston was accosted by his son, with, "Father do you think Bill Hoar will get Mr. Sumner's place in the Senate?" The father replied, "Why, what do you mean?" "I mean will Bill Hoar be elected to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Sumner's death?" "My son," replied the father, "there is no such person as 'Bill' Hoar; and if there was, that is not the proper way to speak of him. You should be more respectful. 'Why, father,' said the boy, 'that's the way Mr. Sumner spoke of him himself.' 'I don't understand what you mean,' answered the father. Then the boy explained: 'I read it in all the papers that Mr. Sumner said to Mr. Hoar, 'Take care of my civil rights, Bill!'"

BEVERAGES USED BY THE HUMAN RACE.—Not less than 500,000,000 of the human race make use of an infusion of tea; more than 100,000,000 drink coffee; about 50,000,000 cocoa; and not less than 10,000,000 of the inhabitants of Peru, Paraguay and Brazil use an infusion of mate, guarana, or Paragua tea, a species of holly. In England alone, there are over 100,000,000 pounds of tea consumed annually, and about half as much of coffee. About 100,000,000 pounds of tea are consumed in this country.

A DAREY was once attempting to steal a goose, but a dog raised an objection and Sambo retired. The next night during a thunder shower he attempted it again, and just as he was on the point of getting away with his fowl, the lightning struck close by, and the noise nearly frightened the poor fellow to death. Dropping the goose, he started away, muttering, "Peers to me der am a mighty lot of fuss made 'bout a common goose."

A LOCAL paper says that at a revival in Jamestown, N. Y., a short time ago, one of the brethren of the "power" and made a very impressive prayer, a part of which was the following: "O Lord, I feel like giving every poor man in this place a barrel of flour, and a barrel of pork, and a barrel of pepper—oh, but that's too much pepper!"

A YOUNG girl who had an offer of marriage which she wished to accept, submitted the matter to her father, who advised her against matrimony, using as an argument the quotation from St. Paul, "They who marry do well, but they who do not do better." "Well," said the damsel, "I love to do well; let those do better who can."

Attorneys and Agents.

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-11

D. G. BUSH, Attorney-at-Law, Office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-11

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brookerhoff House, next door to Centre County Bank. 6-1-11

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office over Reynolds & Co's Bank. 6-1-11

E. BLANCHARD, Attorney-at-Law, & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-1-11

ADAM HOY, JAMES T. HALE, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practice and Collections. Remittances promptly made. 6-1-11

ISAAC LITTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Office with Wilson & Hutchinson, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-1-11

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-1-11

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. 6-1-11

J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law, Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre counties. 6-1-11

N. M. ALLEN, JAMES A. BEAVER, MALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-1-11

JOHN H. OVIS, G. T. ALEXANDER, C. M. BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1-11

ROLAND C. CHESMAN, Notary Public, and Military Claim Agent, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office in basement of new building of the First National Bank. 6-1-11

W. M. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Mrs. Beatty's Building, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-1-11

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanent office located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store. 6-1-11

EDWIN S. DORVORTH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, on north side of Diamond. Calls promptly attended day or night. 6-1-11

Dr. Tipple's Specific Liniment
Is a certain and positive cure for
WOUNDS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BURNS,
CHILBLAINS AND ESPECIALLY
OLD SORES AND OLD
ULCERS OF LONG STANDING
which it is guaranteed to cure. It will also
cure all

EXTERNAL DISEASES
of the horse and other domestic animals. Sold
at all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.
DR. E. D. TIPPLE,
Bellefonte, Pa.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN
DRUGGIST,
BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE,
Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians' prescriptions, and family recipes. 6-1-11

Auctioneer.
ROBERT GOUGHEN
AUCTIONEER,
Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa.

PETER MAYES,
AUCTIONEER,
Will sell all sales entrusted to his care with promptness.
TERMS REASONABLE.
Address Bellefonte, Pa., or call personally at building of Isaac Hapst, near the Railroad depot. 6-1-11

Agents Wanted.
WANTED--1000 AGENTS
to sell a new and useful invention for sliding and locking lugs, for carpenter and cutting but-holes can unite five times the amount of lugs in the same length of time than can be done by hand. NO THREAD USED. Any child can use it. It is the greatest novelty of the day. Patented by L. C. Palmer, and will be sent to any one, with instructions for using same, on receipt of \$1.50. State and County rights for sale. Great inducements to Agents. Address: L. C. PALMER, & Co., 3-17544 Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa.

Miscellaneous.
EAGLEVILLE HOTEL.
EAGLEVILLE, CENTRE CO., PA.
SAMUEL H. KUNES, Proprietor.

Having purchased the old Daniel Kunes stand, I have entirely refitted and overhauled the house, and put it in first class order, and have made it one of the best hotels in Centre County. Large and commodious stables are in connection with the house, and teams will be faithfully and carefully attended to. A good board walk has been constructed from the depot to the Eagleville Hotel, and it being away from the depot a convenient distance, it is the most desirable and pleasant hotel in Eagleville for the travelling public. 6-1-11

GIVEN AWAY!!
For Only \$5.00, free by mail. An ELEGANTLY PERFORMED SACKET. Oder delightful, sure to please. AGENT WANTED. Make big pay. FLEISHERS, Perfumed, 141 Chambers St., N. Y. 39-41

AGENTS WANTED TO Sell The Life of CHARLES SUMNER
authentic. Sure to have a large and rapid sale. Price Low. Address QUAKER CITY PUB CO 219 Quaker St., Philadelphia.

Boots and Shoes.

JOHN POWERS,
The most fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker in the County.
LATEST STYLES ALWAYS ON HAND
Guarantee to sell the Cheapest and best in Centre county.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE MANUFACTURE OF

GENTS' FINE BOOTS & CAITERS,
HIGH STREET,
Opposite BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA 16-6m

LOUIS DOLL,
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER,
HIGH ST., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Has removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends. Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. 6-29-11

NEW GOODS AND NEW PRICES!
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
BOOTS AND SHOES!
AT THE
BOSTON BOOT & SHOE STORE
No. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE.
PRICES LESS THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOE STORE IN CENTRE COUNTY.

TEA & COFFEE!
Of the finest quality at lowest prices.
CALL AND SEE US.
No. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE, BELLEFONTE, PA 6-1-11

E. GRAHAM & SON,
Dealers in
Best quality
LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS,
Buenos Ayres Sole Leather
ALWAYS ON HAND
FRENCH, GERMAN AND COUNTRY KIP
AND CALF SKINS.
Call and examine our stock, and be convinced that we are selling better and cheaper stock than any other firm in the county.
E. GRAHAM & SON,
41-6m Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Stoves.
W. T. TWITMIRE,
dealer in
Stoves, Tinware
WOODEN WARE
and all kinds of
KITCHEN FURNITURE
also
COAL OIL
and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys,
Roofing & Spouting promptly done.
Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonberger. 6-1-11

W. & L. WETSLER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES
OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS
TIN WARE
MANUFACTURED FROM THE
BEST QUALITY OF TIN,
AND SOLD AS CHEAP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING
A Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.
STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
5-35-11

WHY DO YOU KEEP PORK HOGS OVER WINTER?
Go to Tipton's in Curtin twp., and get grade Essex spring pigs for your fall pork. They will weigh from two to three hundred pounds at eight months of age. Then you have choice pork. Or get a pure Essex and improve your stock. They are probably the purest breed in the country. 6-1-11

THE BEST FACILITIES FOR NICE JOB WORK IN CENTRE COUNTY AT THIS OFFICE.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

W. H. LOYD, WILSON LOYD
W. H. LOYD & CO.,
Bankers and Stock Brokers,
No. 36 South 3d St., Philadelphia.
COMMERCIAL PAPER NEGOTIATED. Gold and Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Prices. 15-11

CHAS. CAMBLOS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 38 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, SILVER, & C.,
Bonds and Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission.
Particular attention given to Investments. 48-11

PHILADELPHIA
Surgeons' Bandage Institute,
14 NORTH NINTH STREET.
NOTICE, second floor store above Market. B. G. EVERETT'S Patent Graduating Pressure Truss has cured rupture of 50 years' standing. Elastic Abdominal Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Anus Bandages, Suspensories, Crutches, Deformity Instruments. 40 years' experience. Lady attendant. 5-45-11

MERCHANTS HOTEL,
CUMMINGS & MAUGHE,
FOURTH ST.,
A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The accommodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-11

SPECIAL AND EXTRAORDINARY
AUCTION SALE
OF
TWO HUNDRED CARRIAGES,
INCLUDING
THIRTY DUNLAP TOP BUGGY
WAGONS, ALL FIRST CLASS.
On Thursday Morning, May 21st, 1874.
At 10 o'clock, at
HERKNESS' BAZAAR, PHILA. 19-31

Miscellaneous.
THE OREAD
OF
Mt. Carroll Seminary,
IS one of the BEST EDUCATIONAL PERIODICALS that comes to our table. As an exponent of one of the first institutions in the West, it should be in the hands of every family where there is a daughter to educate. Let every one who would select an institution to patronize, send a three cent stamp, and receive a sample copy of the "Oread" and a large, HANDSOME LITHOGRAPH OF THE SEMINARY AND GROUND FREE. ADDRESS, PRINCIPAL, MT. CARROLL SEMINARY, CARROLL CO., ILL. 16-11

THE HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES
of Europe say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is
JURUBABA.
It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen. Price 81 bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y. 17-41

\$15,000.
The Tyrone Gas and Water Comp'y
want Fifteen Thousand Dollars on First Mortgage Bonds bearing 7-10 per cent interest, payable semi-annually. Parties desiring to invest in a safe investment would do well to call soon.
C. GUYER,
Tyrone, Pa., Apr. 1, '74-15-3m President.

THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Piles, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Weakness, by ROBERT J. CULVER, M.D., author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in the admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, blisters, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two stamps. Also, Dr. Sillbee's REMEDY FOR PILES. Send for circular.
Address the Publishers,
CHARLES J. C. KLINE & CO.,
121 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4564.

For Sale or To Let.
FOR SALE.—A two story frame store room, 30 by 55 feet, situated on the point of pike and mill street, in the borough of Mifflinburg. Furnish owned by W. H. Cook now occupied by J. B. Hahn. For terms of sale call on J. W. Cook, Merchant at Bellefonte. 6-1-11

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash. They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
GEO. RIDER & SON,
Central City, Centre Co., Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT!
A WIRE MILL AND SPIRAL SPRING FACTORY, together with an excellent
WATER POWER!
ALL NEW AND IN PERFECT ORDER!
Situate on Logan's Branch just above Valen-tine's Forge, about one-half mile from the mouth of the branch, and may be desired for the use of saw Factory. For sale or rent. TERMS EASY. Inquire of
CHAS. McCARTHY, Owner,
or A. O. FURST, Bellefonte, Pa.

Two other water powers adjoining, unimproved, with land sufficient for any manufacturing purpose. 6-8-11

Coal, Lime, &c.

WM. SHORTLIDGE, BOND VALENTINE
Shortlidge & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
COAL UNDER ROOF,
FROM THE
WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINE,
prepared expressly for family use.
BEST COAL IN THE MARKET!
Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.

LIME!
WOOD or COAL BURNT,
challenges competition as to quality.
Agents for the sale of
DUPONT'S POWDER
RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POW-
DER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.
FUSE—BEST COTTON, HEMP AND
"TAFE FUSE" for BLASTING,
FIRE BRICK AND GROUND
FIRE CLAY,
all of which are being sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.
CONSUMERS OF AND DEALERS IN THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE SOLICITED TO GIVE US A CALL!
Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot. 6-1-11

Coal! Coal! Coal!
Having erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks) we are prepared to furnish the
Very Best Quality
OF
Wilkesbarre and
Shamokin Coal!
to all who may want the same, at the MOST REASONABLE PRICES.
Our Coal is of the very
BEST IN THE MARKET
and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.
All orders left with J. P. Gophart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive prompt attention.
ALEXANDER & CO.

MUSIC.
La Creme de la Creme.—No. 1. Price 50cts
Contains Alpine Horn, by Schirmer; Prussian Eagle March, by Voss; Sleep, my child, by Engelhard; Cajun Animas, by Hierz and La Harpe, by Jurgens. 5 piano pieces, neatly bound, for only 50cts
La Creme de la Creme.—No. 2. Price 50cts
Contains The Zither Player, by Lange; La Caprice, by Forster; Slumber Song, by Heiler; Serenade, by Idert; In the Moonlight, by Reynolds, and the Flash Gallop, by Mora. Six pieces for 50cts
La Creme de la Creme.—No. 3. Price 50cts
Contains the following music: Quatuor for Pianists; Spinning Wheel Polka, by Schmolli; Spring Song, by Mendelssohn; Rosenkinder, Jostens, and Pearly Cascade, 50cts
Peters' Musical Monthly, No. 76, contains two songs by Hays, one by Danks, one by Stewart, Sacred Quartette by Thomas, a Waltz, March, and Mother Goose's Quadrilles. In all, \$2.99 worth of music for 50cts
Peters' Musical Monthly, No. 77, contains two Lessons by Hays, one by Brown, one by Pratt, one by Hays, a Sacred Quartette by Thomas, a Four-hand piece, an easy Waltz and Schottische, Polka, Mazurka and a Quickstep. In all, \$2.50 worth of music for 50cts
Peters' Musical Monthly, No. 78, contains a new MAILED Song, one by Hays, one by Stewart, a Sacred Quartette by Danks, a Trio from Opera of Pauline, an easy Schottische and Waltz, a Mazurka and a brilliant Schottische by Kinkel. \$2.50 worth of music for 50cts
Old Bachelor's Waltz, by Prevot 50cts
Old Bachelor's Polka, by Kinkel 50cts
"Twilight" Thought, Reverie, Walker 39
Those eyes, Song, by Danks 39
Little Sunshine, Song and Chorus, Hays 39
Where has Ida gone? Song & Chorus, Hays 39
Darling, I shall ever love thee, S. & C. Danks 39
Mother Goose's Quadrilles, by Kinkel 39
I love you, my Love, Song & Chorus, Hays 39
Softly now the light of day, hymn, Oliver 39
Pet Redowa, by Mack 39
Lost and Cast A Waltz, Hays 39
Dance Cuban, by Kinkel 40
Don't believe them, Darling, Wellman 40
Good sweet Ham, Comic Song, Stewart 40
Call me your Darling again, S. & C. Hays 40
Go and learn a Trade, Song & Chorus, Hays 39
Katie's sleeping, "neath the Lullaby, Hoag 39
In our boat, Mexican Song, Wilson 39
Little Sunshine, Song and Chorus, Danks 39
Take this Letter to my Mother, Kinkel 39
Happy thoughts, Schottische, Kinkel 39
Nora is Dreaming of you, Song, Pratt 39
Jenny, the Flower of Kildare, Stewart 40
Get up and shut the door, Comic, Hays 39
Fair Wedding, March, by Mack 39
Happy Thoughts, Polka, Salotti, Mack 39
Toast, Brindled for Piano, Kinkel 39
Pearl of America, Caprice, Kinkel 39
Address, J. L. PETERS, 399 Broadway, N. Y. 8-3m

Expresses.
SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, fuel, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-25-11

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continuance of public favor. 5-8-11

JNO. D. SOURBECK
LOCAL EXPRESS.
A local express promptly attended to reasonable rates.
Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town. BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY. 4-13-11

CASH PAID FOR HIDES, BY
E. GRAHAM & SON,
Bellefonte, Pa. 5-40-6m

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.
Has just received a large invoice of GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
of the latest styles,
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
6-12-11

Merchant Tailoring Establishment
NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a
Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND
VESTINGS,
Which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line of
Gents Furnishing Goods
of every style and variety, consisting of
HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter
Wear, Suspensers, Hose, Neck
Ties, Collars, both Paper and
Linen, Handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—
"The Jovins"—a full assortment of sizes, colors, &c., on hand. JOHN MONTGOMERY, No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-1-11

Merchant Tailoring.
NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,
ALLEGHENY STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PENNA.
Just received by
WM. McCLELLAN,
a most complete stock of
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
AND VESTINGS;
which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys. Particular attention given to cutting and fitting. He also keeps on hand a full line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, underclothes for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,
No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-13-11

Miscellaneous.
BLATCHLEY'S
Improved cucumber wood pump, Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the pump, or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never clogs or scales, and will outlast any other.
For sale by dealers and the trade generally. Inquire for Blatchley's Pump, and if not for sale in your town, send direct to
Chas. G. Blatchley, Manufacturer,
10-6-m, 506 Commerce St., Phila.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centennial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for \$10 each, and subscribers will receive a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.
Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will be paid on all payments of Centennial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.
Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.
FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
304 Walnut St., Philadelphia

Shaving Saloons.
M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. Hoguantees a SHAVE without cutting, pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil, Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand. 1-12-11

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-29-11

Blacksmithing.
JACOB SEIBERT,
BLACKSMITH,
REAR OF DUNCAN'S FOUNDRY, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.
Every description of Blacksmithing done promptly in a workmanlike manner at low prices. 5-25-11

BEELFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 92, J. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.
 Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.
 Bellefonte Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.
 Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.
 Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.
 Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.
 Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.
 Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M., meets on Thursday night preceding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.
 Constans Commandery, No. 3, A. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

—Benj. B. Kreamer has been appointed post master at Lemont.
 —Seth H. Yocum Esq., has been abroad for the last week, attending court at Pottsville.
 —Sourbeck, the theatrical manager, calls the Agnes Wallace troupe a fraud and *vice versa*.
 —A snow storm prevailed in Penns Valley on Monday last. The peach trees are in full bloom.
 —Phillipsburg and Bellefonte will decorate the soldiers' graves on the 30th. How many other of our country towns will imitate their praiseworthy example?
 —Boalsburg is said to have a desire for a Republican paper of her own. We wish the enterprise a happy issue, and hope the attempt may be done up broken.
 —Hon. James H. Hopkins, Deputy Grand Commander of the Grand Encampment of the United States and General Dick, of Meadville, Pa., were guests of Governor Curtin, last week.
 —A sprained ankle generally lays one up for a week or ten days at least. By using *COTTELL'S* promptly the pain is allayed quickly and the whole trouble is removed in two or three days, and frequently in less time.
 —A meeting of the Executive Committee, having in charge the arrangements for the re-union on the 4th of June, and of which Jesse Merrill, of Lock Haven, is chairman, will be held in this place on Friday (next), 22d inst., at 2 o'clock.
 —A little twelve year old boy named George Smith was run over last Thursday, on the Wyckoff pavement by a buggy and horse driven by George Lese. The little fellow sustained severe cuts and bruises, but is recovering. It was purely an accident.
 —The Williamsport Register fellows, immediately after fixing up their weekly in imitation of the *REPUBLICAN*, have the effrontery to say that the local editor hereof is about taking a position on the London *Punch*. Those Register men will get a position on a Centre punch, from which they won't recover soon, if they are not more careful.
 —A little son of Col. Geo. A. Bayard fell into the mill race, near the Depot, on Saturday last. The little fellow was carried four or five rods by the current, before he was noticed by any one, and, but for the timely assistance of Assistant Superintendent Batts, of the B. & S. railroad, the child would have been drowned.
 —We are rather of the opinion now, after the bluster and excitement of the Knights Templar display is over, that some of the moguls of the grand body, are rather too high toned and lofty to enjoy good health. We are of the opinion that some of them (e. g. the Grand Recorder, who found so much fault with the "contracted limits" of Bellefonte, would have enjoyed themselves better—at least would have been more agreeable, had they been well physiced.
 NEW GRANGE.—Leonard Rhone, Deputy; organized a grange in Ferguson township, May 12th. It has a membership of thirty. The officers are: Master elect, R. G. Brett; Secretary, G. W. Keachline; Overseer, W. H. Frye; Steward, W. E. McWilliams; Asst. Steward, H. Ewing; Lecturer, C. B. Hess; Chaplain, Joe Johnston; Treasurer, G. W. McWilliams; Gate Keeper, David Miller; Ceres, Mrs. Frye; Pomona, Mrs. Annie McWilliams; Flora, Miss Maggie Campbell; Lady Asst. Steward, Mrs. M. A. Miller.
 —The Williamsport Register of last week, in speaking of Reynold's Hall in this place says: "The hall is very much out of repair and is unfit for public entertainments. Without a doubt Bellefonte has one of the poorest halls in the State." This is as unjust as it is incorrect. Reynold's hall compares favorably with any public hall in Williamsport and we are sorry that the Register's correspondent, while here, was so short of items that he had to manufacture misrepresentations. Such items won't swell their subscription list in this vicinity.

LAST WEEK IN BELLEFONTE.—THE TRIMPLARS COME AND GO.—On Tuesday of last week when the morning train arrived with its first installment of Knights Templar, Bellefonte presented a pleasant scene. Looking up High street from the depot, a vast line of flags, evergreens, wreaths and other decorations, met the eye; Allegheny street was filled with bunting and greenings; all the other principal streets, among them Linn street, were as neatly and tastefully decorated as they well could be. The Court House and its beautiful grounds were subjects of particular comment, so unique were the decorations. All was ready for the arrival of the Grand Commandery of Pennsylvania, Constans Commandery, numbering seventy, was drawn up in full uniform at the depot and thousands of expectant people filled the adjacent thoroughfares. As soon as the train arrived, the Grand Commandery alighted and was received and welcomed by the Knights of Constans; Hermit Commandery No. 24, Lebanon, numbering 40, with full silver cornet band, fell into line and, with near a hundred additional Templars, escorted the Grand Commandery to the Court House, where the sessions of that body were held. The afternoon was spent in secret session. Every train brought additional knights and other visitors and, by evening, the streets were swarming. At seven o'clock the Knights again formed in line and with two brass bands, escorted the Grand Commandery to the Court House. After they had been seated the doors were thrown open to the public and in a few minutes every seat and bit of standing room was occupied. The assembly was called to order by Grand Commander Sir Grant Weidman, after which Sir S. T. Shugert introduced Ex. Gov. Andrew G. Curtin to the Grand Commandery. The Governor then delivered an address of welcome on behalf of our citizens. We are sorry we cannot give our readers a report of this most excellent and able address. It was delivered extempore and we had no means of taking it down. Nothing could have been more appropriate and touching; it was one of those old time, off-hand speeches, for which the Governor is so justly celebrated. After the address, the Commandery again held a secret session.
 WEDNESDAY dawned clear and pleasant. At 9.30 a special train from Williamsport brought Baldwin II Commandery, numbering fifty six, with Repaz's band, and Hospitalier No. 46 of Lock Haven. Other trains brought many carloads of visitors. The Grand body held the annual elections of officers in the morning and the afternoon was devoted to the Grand inspection parade and review. The line of parade was formed on High street at 4 o'clock p. m. under command of Capt. Chas. T. Fryberger. Constans Commandery had the right of the line, followed by Hospitalier of Lock Haven, Hermit of Lebanon, Baldwin II of Williamsport and representatives from the following Commanderies:
 No. 1 Pittsburg, Pittsburg.
 No. 2 Philadelphia, Philadelphia.
 No. 3 St Johns, Philadelphia.
 No. 8 De Molay, Carlisle.
 No. 10 Mountain, Altoona.
 No. 11 Pilgrim, Harrisburg.
 No. 12 Crusade, Bloomsburg.
 No. 13 Lancaster, Lancaster.
 No. 14 Palestine, Carbondale.
 No. 15 Jerusalem, Phoenixville.
 "16 Northern, Towanda.
 "17 Cour de Lion, Scranton.
 "19 Hugh de Payens, Easton.
 "20 Allen, Allentown.
 "21 York, York.
 "22 Baldwin II, Williamsport.
 "23 Packer, Maeb Chunk.
 "24 Hermit, Lebanon.
 "25 North Western, Meadville.
 "26 Lewistown, Lewistown.
 "27 Great Bend, Great Bend.
 "28 Tyagaghton, Wellboro.
 "29 Kadosh, Philadelphia.
 "31 Iganhoe, Tamaqua.
 "32 Hutchinson, Norristown.
 "33 Constans, Bellefonte.
 "34 Cyrene, Columbia.
 "35 Alleghany, Alleghany.
 "36 Mary, Philadelphia.
 "37 Calvary, Catwissa.
 "38 Rose Croix, Titusville.
 "39 Freck, Ashland.
 "41 Constantine, Pottsville.
 "42 Reading, Reading.
 "43 Talbot, Oil City.
 "44 Franklin, Franklin.
 "45 Dieu le Vent, Wilkesbarre.
 "46 Hospitalier, Lock Haven.
 "47 St Alban, Philadelphia.
 "48 Tancred, Pittsburg.
 "49 Uniontown, Uniontown.
 "50 Rebecca, Sharon.
 "51 Clarence, Corry.
 The officers of the Grand Commandery passed, on foot along the line, until they reached Allegheny street, where they took carriages and headed the column. Never was there a more brilliant spectacle in Bellefonte than this parade. The marching, music, uniforms, streets, everything was pleasing and imposing. Baldwin II was particularly admired for fine marching and the general appearance of her men. There were 289 Knights Templar in line not counting the grand officers and there were probably one hundred other Knights that did not join the procession.
 THURSDAY was devoted to the installation of the grand officers, closing of

the annual session, visiting points of interest about the town, and a general meeting together. The installation in the Court House was the only work of the grand body that outsiders were admitted to. The retiring Grand Commander installed the following officers to serve for the next Templar year: R. E. Grand Commander, Sir John M. Dusenbury of Great Bend; Deputy, G. Commander, Charles H. Kingston, of Philadelphia; Generalissimo, Andrew J. Kauffman, of Columbia; Captain General, Dr. Wm. H. Eagle, of Harrisburg; Prelate Rey, Robert H. Pattison, of Philadelphia; Senior Warden, Samuel B. Dick, of Meadville; Junior Warden, J. P. S. Gobin, of Lebanon; Treasurer, M. Richards Muckle, of Philadelphia; Recorder, Charles E. Meyer, of Philadelphia. The installation ceremonies were beautiful and impressive and were rendered more pleasing by the performance of several anthems by an excellent choir, under direction of E. M. Blanchard, Esq., of this place.
 After the adjournment of the Grand body, the representatives of Philadelphia Commandery No. 2, called, in a body, upon Governor Curtin and presented him a handsome Templar's jewel. It is a large, beautifully mounted and engraved ornament, made of solid gold, and is said to be one of the finest past-commander's jewels in the State.
 In looking over the visit of the Templars we may safely say that it was a grand and successful affair. There were nearly 400 Knights Templar here; many of our people expected 800 or 1000, but their reckoning was without much judgment for a basis. There would probably have been many more present had not Grand Recorder Meyer and other stupid Philadelphians circulated the report that there was but one hotel in Bellefonte. Instead of four good houses. The town was as orderly and well behaved as it was handsome in appearance and hospitable in manner. Nothing of an unpleasant nature cast a shade over the harmony and good feeling of entire affair, and the visit of the Grand Commandery of Pennsylvania will be remembered by our people with pleasure.
 PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.—We copy the following from the Democratic *Watchman*, of last Friday:
 Last week our people had an opportunity to witness the progress made by the pupils in our public schools as evinced in the annual examinations. We are pleased to say that our citizens generally were in attendance and showed great interest and pleasure in the exercises. During Wednesday and Thursday the high school was thronged with visitors, and as this is a school in which our citizens feel a justifiable pride, we made more definite inquiry into its status than in the other grades. There were thirty-four pupils examined and a brighter or more intelligent class of young ladies and half grown boys could scarcely be found. We cannot speak at length of the various classes that were examined but those deserving of particular mention were classes in English Composition, Constitution of the U. S., Arithmetic, Latin and Spelling. The thorough knowledge of the construction of the English language as shown by the composition class was most satisfactory. Several little girls recited the constitution of the U. S. *verbatim* from memory. We were especially pleased with the recitations of four young ladies, Misses Nannie T. McGinley, Lizzie Campbell, Ragena Meese and Kate McCaffrey. Their proficiency in the higher mathematics, particularly Algebra, was really surprising, while they translated chapter after chapter of Caesar with a readiness and precision that would have done credit to older heads. The High School of Bellefonte has attained a standing that places it among the first schools of the State and this is in a great measure due to the untiring efforts of Prof. Hastings, who has so long been its efficient and popular Principal.
 The examining committee in the other grades report that the teachers have labored faithfully and well; that thoroughness was aimed at more than rapid advancement; that good order and precision in the daily round of school work had brought its reward. The schools this year have been most successful, and our people are not only satisfied with their administration, but are justly pleased. What a blessing it is to a community to have such schools as we have had during the past year.
 —The Tenth Annual Convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association will be held in the First Presbyterian Church on Washington Avenue, in the city of Scranton, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 9, 10 and 11, 1874. You are earnestly invited to be present. Come! Entertaining will be provided for all delegates who will notify "Wm. Hadden, Esq., Chairman of Local Committee, Scranton," on or before June 1. The Rev. J. H. Vincent, D. D., of New York, will be present and take part in the proceedings. The singing will be conducted by Prof. Wm. Johnson, of Philadelphia. Whatever arrangements may be made for reduction of fares will be announced hereafter.

—Mr. S. S. Wolf, the pleasant merchant of Centre Hall passed through town on Monday on his way to Philadelphia, where he intends to buy additional stock for his store.
 —This office is indebted to all the bands that attended the Masonic demonstration last week for complimentary serenades. They are all grand bands, and their music was appreciated.
 —Montgomery—No. 9 Brockerhoff Road—has just received a large and complete assortment of the latest style of straw hats—in black, brown and white colors, summer merino underwear, lisle thread hose, neck wear, Windsor scarfs, &c., ladies gloves, in gauntlets, kids and castors, kid gauntlets with pocket books attached for shopping—very complete assortment of SHIRTS, COLLARS, BUTTONS, CUFF BUTTONS, &c., &c. Will be pleased to receive any order for goods in Philadelphia.
 —As conductor Ed. Bradin's train of loaded coal cars was coming down the Moshannon branch of the T. & C. R. R., just before reaching the bridge across Moshannon Creek at Osceola, Tuesday afternoon, the axle of one of the forward cars broke and instantly five of the cars were piled in a confused mass upon the bridge, the stringers of which were broken, the track torn up and a general wreck produced. Brakeman Geo. Adams was on the ear that was the cause of the mischief but saved himself by jumping from the train. The construction train was soon on the spot, and by dint of hard work the wreck was cleared away and the track put in condition by day light on Wednesday morning.—*Journal*.
 PERSONALS.—Rev. J. C. Lavery, now of Canton, Ohio, visited his old home during the meeting of the Templars.—His stay must have been pleasant, because he has very many warm friends in this place.
 —D. C. Keller and his pleasant family were in Bellefonte last week. Life in the Merchants' Hotel must be healthful.
 —Ed. Mason, Esq., one of the editors of the *Krystone*, a Masonic paper published in Philadelphia, was a visitor on Thursday last.
 —We have hitherto neglected to mention that Mr. J. Howard Lingle, for several years head book-keeper in Duncan's foundry, has been called to a larger and more lucrative sphere of usefulness in Osceola. We congratulate Mr. Lingle on his promotion.
 —Mr. Clarence Johnson, the popular chief clerk of the Crawford House, Williamsport, was in to see us on Monday. The Crawford could never find a better official, or one that can hold the Centre county custom better, than Clarence Johnson.
 —Mr. C. E. Elise, the well known Milesburg druggist, also gave us a call the same day. We remember, years ago, when we were school-boys together, now he is an old married man and a thorough father, and we —
 —Philip Anhalt has been keeping a pilgrim-store, opposite the Bush House for a month or more, where crowds of people have resorted to every evening to hear the original "Singedy Five" as Philip is pleased to call himself. On Saturday evening last, "Singedy Five" closed out his auction sales and announced his intention to journey to Phillipsburg. On Sunday morning, "Singedy" was startled, on entering his store, to find that he had been robbed. His goods were scattered in every direction on floor and counter; his fine shirts, hose, boots, everything had been overhauled and what suited the thief was taken. His jewelry cases were broken and contents gone. Much valuable milton gold had been abstracted. The scene reminded the spectator of Paradise lost. Arduous efforts have been made to detect the burglars, but as yet without any clue. They left no trace of their entry or exit and how they got in and out of the store is a mystery.—It beats the Jews.
 SUDDEN DEATH.—On last Saturday evening, Mrs. Walker, wife of Mr. Samuel Walker, living near the carworks, died very suddenly. She was a stout, healthy lady who had been almost entirely free from sickness for many years; her sudden taking off has therefore been a dreadful shock to the bereaved family. On the evening of her death Mrs. Walker had been shopping having visited a half-dozen or more stores. About half past eight o'clock she met Supt. McClellan of the carworks, where her husband is employed, and invited him to take dinner with them the next day. Returning home, she retired about ten o'clock, apparently in the best of health and spirits. After conversing a few moments with her husband, she suddenly groaned and then all was over. A moment before, she was well and happy, while her children were peacefully sleeping. In the turning of a hand, as it were, her spirit had departed and the household was a scene that would melt a heart of stone. Physicians were there in a few minutes and every effort was made to restore the silent pulse but without avail. It was a long and hard struggle for the family to give her up as lost. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at four o'clock.

—The Executive Committee of the Centre County Agricultural Society met by appointment on the Fair Grounds at 2 o'clock p. m., May 14, 1874. Present, James A. Beaver, Chairman, Prof. Jno. Hamilton, John A. Woodward, John Itshel and Wm. Shortlidge. Prof. Hamilton was appointed to prepare a draft for sheep pens, to be built on the inside and at upper end of the trotting course. Mr. Woodward to correspond with the Averill Paint Co. and secure if possible sufficient paint to paint the dwelling at the entrance of the grounds. Mr. Shortlidge was appointed to superintend the survey of the road leading to the upper part of the grounds with a view to the widening and straightening of the same. Arrangements were made with David Klepper, the resident Superintendent of the grounds, for submitting a plan and estimate for new and improved cattle stalls, to fill up the entire space now unoccupied between the two ranges of sheds already built on the northwest side of the grounds. Mr. Klepper was also directed to make the necessary provision for the water to flow from the upper part of the track, by a drain emptying into Buffalo Run if required.
 Nelson Lucas, one of the Supervisors of Spring twp., met the Committee by appointment, and arranged for the widening and improvement of the road leading from the (Bellefonte) borough line to the Fair Grounds. The charge of looking after the improving of the road so far as the interests of the Agricultural Society are concerned, was placed in the hands of Mr. Rishel. The Committee adjourned to the office of the Chairman, when Wm. Shortlidge was elected Secretary. Mr. Woodward was appointed to take charge of the selection of judges in accordance with the resolution adopted by the Society at the January meeting.
 The following persons were then selected to take charge of the several departments as Superintendents at the next fair, viz:
 First Department—Stock.—Samuel Gilliland, Harris twp., Donahue Post-office.
 Second Department—Agricultural and Horticultural Products.—Theodore B. Rupert, Walker twp., Zion Post-office.
 Third Department—Agricultural Implements, Manufactured Articles and Mechanics.—John B. Matern, Patton twp., Buffalo Run Post-office.
 Fourth or Home Department.—Mrs. Mary B. J. Valentine, Spring twp., Bellefonte Post-office.
 Fifth Department—Trials of Speed and Amusements.—Capt. Thos. A. Hicks, Bellefonte Post-office.
 Adjourned to meet on Friday, June 5th, 1874, at the office of McAllister & Beaver.
 Wm. SHORTLIDGE, Sec'y.
 DECORATION DAY.—Bayard Post, G. A. R., of this place, in compliance with the call which we publish below is making ample arrangements for the annual decoration of soldiers' graves in our cemeteries on the 30th of May. We earnestly call upon the people of this county, in the name of the cause for which they gave up their lives, to remember in this fitting manner the grave of every soldier within her limits. In every township let all the Sunday schools unite and visit the cemeteries.—The time is near at hand, let there be no delay. Here is the call of the G. A. R.:
 PHILADELPHIA, May 21st, 1874.
 Saturday, May 24th, has been designated by the Rules and Regulations and by Custom, as the day upon which all members of the Grand Army of the Republic shall assemble to pay their annual floral tribute to the memory of their dead comrades.
 Let the observance of this beautiful and touching memorial ceremony be marked by the usual solemnity and reverence for a time your cares and labors reverently dedicate the day to doing honor to the silent army of the dead with whose hosts we ourselves must soon be marshaled, and in making acknowledgement to the Supreme Ruler for preserving to us the blessings of free government.
 It is earnestly hoped that Civic and Military associations, churches and Sunday Schools will participate in this ceremony and that wherever no Posts of the Grand Army exist, the citizens will perform fitting services so that the grave of no deceased soldier may be neglected.
 By order of
 A. WILSON NORRIS,
 Commanding Department.
 OFFICIAL,
 C. S. GREEN,
 Asst. Adjt. General.
 PENNSYLVANIA RESERVE.—The Committee appointed by the survivors of the late war, resident in Centre county, to make arrangements for the annual meeting of the "Pennsylvania Reserve Corps Association," at Bellefonte, on Thursday the 4th day of June next, at the request and with the hearty approval of the President of that Association, extend an earnest and cordial invitation to all the survivors of the war, anywhere in Pennsylvania, to be present at that meeting and join in the public exercises of the occasion. The men and the officers of every organization in every arm of the service, in either army or navy, who were honorably discharged from such service, will be gladly welcomed in Bellefonte on the occasion, referred to. The object of the meeting is to promote and foster the social and friendly relations which ought to prevail amongst those who are drawn near together by so many ties, formed by the common cause in which they served, and the common dangers through which they passed.
 By direction and on behalf of the Committee.
 JAMES A. BEAVER, Chairman.
 BELLEFONTE, PA., May 19, 1874.
 [Exchanges please copy.]
 ALPHA.—Your communication was unavoidably crowded out this week. It will appear in our next issue.

—Abram V. Miller has been appointed store-keeper at Louis Haag's new distillery at Pleasant Gap. The appointment is said to be satisfactory.
 —We regret to say that Mrs. Ruth A. Ward, a faithful teacher in the public schools, is at present dangerously ill. Her sickness was induced by overwork during the last days of the session.
 HEAD QRS. POST BAYARD No. 90, G. A. R. May 18th, 1874.
 To the citizens of Bellefonte.—In accordance with the established custom of our associations, the members of this post, together with the fire and civic organizations of this place will assemble on Saturday May 30th at 1:30 o'clock P. M., to decorate the graves of our fellow comrades. We earnestly call upon the ladies of Bellefonte to assist us in this our annual tribute to the memory Centre county's dead soldiers, by furnishing bouquets, floral wreaths and other suitable decorations. We will trust to our patriotic ladies to furnish these, and request that they be left at my office in the First National Bank, on the morning of May 30th at or before 10 o'clock.
 R. C. CHEESMAN
 Commanding Post.
 LIBERTY TWP., May 15th, 1874.
 MR. EDITOR.—I have this morning taken pen in hand to continue our further prospect in Liberty. Being some what alarmed on the 7th by the intelligence that "reached us, the burning of Nathan Simcox's house, it being a total loss. Cause unknown to the correspondent. Nate is a poor, hard working man, considered by all that know him to be perfectly honest, a member of Beech Creek M. E. Church, and we pray all sympathizing friends to help bear him up in his trouble; but we were much more alarmed on last Sunday evening by the drowning of a beautiful little son of Andrew C. Bowers. Andrew living on the bank of Marsh Creek about three-fourths of a mile from the Bald Eagle. It appears there is just a piece of picket fence between the lot and creek, and while the mother went to milk the cow the poor little innocent boy by some means or other removed one of the pickets and crawled down into the creek and there was drowned; the mother only missing the child about twenty minutes. Andrew and wife have always lived a very happy life but there hearts are troubled now, but it went home to seek the joys of a happier parent than any earthly one could be. The funeral took place on the 12th. Sermon preached by Elder Loyd at the Church of the Disciples of Christ. The sermon was highly appreciated by the friends. Mr. Loyd is a gentleman both in manners and appearance and much beloved by all that know him, may God hold up his hands in his noble work of saving souls. We have also been visited this evening by Wm. A. Ridge of Clearfield, who is now a pastor for the Curwensville Baptist Church. The Rev. looks well and says he is enjoying comfort. But this morning we are all cheered up by the information that Mr. Johnston, the president of the newly laid out railroad up Beech Creek, has sent on to Engleville station to procure office room, and also to procure "boarding and rooms with the amiable land-lady Mrs. Elizabeth Kunes, the sole proprietor of the Engleville station mountain house. The shingle-mill of Liggett, DeLong, Gensell & Co., about one mile above the Engleville, is now in good running order. We were much surprised last evening by the alarm of a great row at the new elegant store of B. Liggett, DeLong & Co.; a great crowd around the door, Justice of Peace was called, and the Constable Spangler, not to be had so the town clerk was called, officers appeared, found one of the proprietors, James I. DeLong, at the head of ranks, Capt. Kephart, Lieut. H. A. Snyder, Second Lieutenant Jas. R. Bumgardner—all armed, coats off, scrub brooms in hands, the town boys were armed with buckets; command was given by Capt. Kephart, go in boys, not fire, but you better believe the water flew, and you better believe the destruction of tobacco quids was great, but we find this morning by investigation, everything cleared away, and a beautiful order in the newly white-washed, clean-scrubbed store-room, and if the people of Centre county want bargains, first quality of styles and goods, gently waited on, call at the store of Liggett, DeLong & Co.
 Yours Respectfully,
 W. F. C.
 DIED
 May 5th at the residence of his son-in-law, John Resides, in Eggs twp., Mr. Charles Lucas, Sr., aged 85 yrs. 1 mo. and 23 days.
 CENTAUR LINIMENT
 There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked-breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, carbuncle, &c., &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, sprains, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no articles ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for sprained or swollen horses and mules, or for scree-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" "Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles \$1.00. J. B. Ross & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.
 CAPSICUM is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only safe oil in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers mayrest.
 3-30-ly